Financial Statements
And
Supplementary Information
December 31, 2017

Financial Statement and Supplementary Information <u>December 31, 2017</u>

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors

TOWNSHIP OF LOWER MAKEFIELD

Yardley, Pennsylvania

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Township of Lower Makefield** as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the **Township of Lower Makefield's** basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Township of Lower Makefield**, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required information on Pages 3 through 11 and 55 through 67 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the **Township of Lower Makefield's** basic financial statements. The supplementary information described in the table of contents on pages 68-69 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information described in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information described in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

LOPEZ, TEODOSIO & LARKIN, LLC Langhorne, Pennsylvania

June 29, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

Our discussion and analysis of the **Township of Lower Makefield's** financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements, which begin with the Statement of Net Position.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The General Fund year end fund balance has increased steadily since 2009, finishing 2017 with a fund balance of over \$2.9 million, or 25% of general fund revenues. This is substantially above the "Safe Harbor," which is 5-8% of General Fund revenues.
- The Real Estate Transfer Tax receipts continued to improve in 2017, reflecting a strong local housing market. The Township received over \$1.6 million last year. In 2012, the Township received just \$977,146.
- Sewer rates did not increase in 2017. The Sewer Fund receivables are stable, the allowance for bad debt is small by comparison (less than 1%) and no bad debt expense was recorded in 2017. The Sewer Fund began the creation of a capital reserve within its origins in 2010, and has set aside \$500,000 during each of the previous six years to fund capital needs. This has allowed for the financing of sewer capital projects on a pay-as-you-go basis. Over the next 3 years it is anticipated the Township will be required to participate in over \$8 million of capital improvements within the Yardley and Morrisville Sewer systems. The Morrisville Sewer Plant is in immediate need of significant renovations, which could cost in the neighborhood of \$80 to \$150 million.
- The Township Pool had an excellent 2017, and total membership continues to grow. Total 2017 revenues increased slightly over 2016.
- Makefield Highlands Golf Course completed its thirteenth full year of operations since opening on July 1, 2004. Response to the Course continues to be extremely favorable and in 2017 rounds remain stable compared to prior years. Spirit Golf Management has been contracted to operate the course on behalf of the Township. At the end of 2016, the contract to manage the course was extended for another three-year term expiring at the end of 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Township's annual financial report consists of several sections. Together, they provide a comprehensive financial look at the Township. The components of the report include the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Government-Wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements and Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains other required and Supplementary Information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The Independent Auditors' Report briefly describes the audit engagement and also renders an opinion as to the material components of the Township's financial position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), prepared by Township management, provides a narrative introduction and overview that users of the financial statements need to interpret the basic financial statements. The MD&A also provides analysis of some key data that is presented in the basic financial statements. It also addresses any other currently known facts, decisions, or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on financial position or results of operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The basic financial statements include the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Activities, Fund Financial Statements and Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The Statements of Net Position and Activities focus on entity wide presentation using the accrual basis of accounting. They are designed to be more corporate like in that all activities are consolidated into a total for the Township.

- The Statement of Net Position focuses on resources available for future operations. This statement
 presents a snapshot view of the assets the Township owns, the liabilities it owes and the net difference.
- The Statement of Activities focuses on gross and net costs of Township programs and the extent to which such programs rely upon taxes and other revenues. This statement summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by other sources.
- Fund Financial Statements focus separately on major Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds. Governmental Funds statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The Township's major Governmental Funds are presented in their own columns, and the remaining funds are combined into a column "Other Governmental Funds." Statements for the Township's Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds follow the Governmental Funds and include net position, revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows. The Proprietary Funds represent the Township's Sewer, Pool, and Golf Funds and can be found in more detail beginning with the Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance its operations.
- The notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the Township's financial condition.

Other Required Supplementary Information (RSI) is additional information consisting of budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, trend data on infrastructure condition, and pension plan funding progress.

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net position and Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the Township as a whole begins with the Statement of Net Position. One of the most important questions asked about the Township's finances is "What is the Township's overall financial condition as compared to the previous year?" The Statement of Net Positions and the Statement of Activities report information about the Township as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. In these statements, we divide the Township into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the Township's basic services are reported here, including police, public
works, planning and zoning, library, parks and recreation, and administration. Real estate and business
taxes, fees and charges and grants finance most of these activities

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (Continued)

 Business Type Activities - The Township charges a fee to customers to help it cover most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Township's sewer system, pool and golf course are reported here.

	Governmental Activities		Business-	Type Activities	Total Government		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,875,074	\$ 20,403,380	\$ 688,807	\$ 1,602,091	\$ 10,563,881	\$ 22,005,471	
Other Assets	1,817,530	494,474	2,175,174	3,971,168	3,992,704	4,465,642	
Capital Assets	88,195,767	83,644,002	34,701,863	34,338,559	122,897,630	117,982,561	
Total Assets	99,888,371	104,541,856	37,565,844	39,911,818	137,454,215	144,453,674	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred Pension Outflow	549,914	1,287,112	39,190	100,126	589,104	1,387,238	
Deferred Charges	-	-	116,959	142.318	116,959	142,318	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	549,914	1,287,112	156,149	242,444	706,063	1,529,556	
Liabilities							
Other Liabilities	3,400,607	8,215,122	2,390,133	2,594,929	5,790,740	10,810,051	
Long-Term Liabilities	20,830,388	23,573,008	30,379,877	31,627,936	51,210,265	55,200,944	
Total Liabilities	24,230,995	31,788,130	32,770,010	34,222,865	57,001,005	66,010,995	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred pension inflow	752,391	-	109,019	-	861,410		
Deferred Revenue	~	-	408,761	343,267	408,761	343,267	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	752,391	-	517,780	343,267	1,270,171	343,267	
Net Position							
Invested in Capital Assets	74,050,091	67,931,627	4,614,776	3,164,065	78,664,867	71,095,692	
Restricted	5,270,913	9,952,750		-	5,270,913	9,952,750	
Unrestricted	(3,866,105)	(3,843,539)	(180,573)	2,424,065	(4,046,678)	(1,419,474)	
Total Net Position	\$ 75,454,899	\$ 74,040,838	\$ 4,434,203	\$ 5,588,130	\$ 79,889,102	\$ 79,628,968	

Assets in the business type activity column reflect the Township's investment in its sewer system, community pool and golf course. The Township operates and maintains thirteen pump stations and approximately 230 miles of sewer lines. The community pool consists of four swimming pools, a snack bar area and bathhouse. The golf course is an 18-hole upscale affordable municipal course with practice facility, clubhouse, maintenance building and historic manor house.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (Continued)

		ental Activities	Business	-Type Activities	Total Prima	ry Government
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,868,558			\$ 9,979,694	\$ 11,719,638	\$ 11,615,865
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,127,088	3,368,450	-	-	4,127,088	3,368,450
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	9,114,453	7,873,377	_		9,114,453	7,873,377
Real Estate Transfer Tax	1,629,722	1,589,238	000	·	1,629,722	1,589,238
Local Services Taxes and Per-Capita					1,020,122	1,000,200
Taxes	535,133	514,548	-	-	535,133	514,548
Public Utility Taxes	10,331	11,218	4	-	10,331	11,218
Franchise Taxes	808,452	806,267	-	-	808,452	806,267
Investment Earnings	49,825	17,448	6,250	7,056	56,075	24,504
Miscellaneous	235,951	172,624	in the second	-	235,951	172,624
Total Revenues	18,379,513	15,989,341	9,857,330	9,986,750	28,236,843	25,976,091
Expenses					,,	
General Government	\$ 2,957,426	\$ 2,769,552	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,957,426	\$ 2,769,552
Public Safety	9,276,369	9,041,131	_	8#1	9,276,369	9,041,131
Highw ays and Streets	3,453,817	2,960,560		_	3453817	2960560
Culture and Recreation	1,371,724	1,456,326	-		1371724	1456326
Community Development	10,438	70,748	-	_	10,438	70,748
Bond Issuance Costs	-	52,866	-	-	-	52,866
Interest on Long-Term Debt	372,487	227,215		-	372487	227215
(Gain) on Disposal of Capital Assets	-	(1,050,000)		-	5/246/	(1,050,000)
Sewier	-	-	6,730,735	7,071,374	6,730,735	7,071,374
Community Pool		-	999,070	870,212	999,070	870,212
Golf Course	-	~	2,804,643	2,847,887	2,804,643	2,847,887
Total Expenses	17,442,261	15,528,398	10,534,448	10,789,473	27,976,709	26,317,871
Excess Before Transfers	937,252	460,943	(677,118)	(802,723)	(651,391)	(341,780)
ransfers					, , ,	(3.1.).
Transfers in	3,837,187	14,751,401	1,649,441	3,859,176	5,486,628	18,610,577
Transfers Out	(3,360,378)	(7,832,848)	(2,126,250)	(10,777,729)	(5,486,628)	(18,610,577)
Change in Net Position	1,414,061	7,379,496	(1,153,927)	(7,721,276)	(651,391)	(341,780)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	74,040,838	66,661,342	5,588,130	13,309,406	79,628,968	79,970,748
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 75,454,899	\$ 74,040,838	\$ 4,434,203			7

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (Continued)

For the **Township of Lower Makefield's** governmental activities, total revenues exceeded total expenses by \$25,727 in 2017. In 2017, there was a 2.35 mill increase in the Tax. Revenues increased in 2017 by \$1,478,647, or 9.2%, expenses increased by \$1,913,863, or 12.3%.

For the **Township of Lower Makefield's** business-type activities, there was an operating loss of \$1,153,927 in 2017 as a result of the operating losses in the Sewer Fund and Pool Fund \$1,252,465; the Golf Fund operating income in 2017 was \$98,538.

Governmental Activities

The Township generates governmental revenues from a variety of sources. Total revenue for governmental activities in 2017 was \$17,467,988; 2016 was \$15,989,341; and 2015 was \$15,620,420. Revenues by source are as follows:

	Am	ount	% of 1	otal
Revenue	2017	2016	2017	2016
Property taxes	\$ 9,114,453	\$ 7,873,377	49.58%	49.24%
Real estate transfer tax	1,629,722	1,589,238	8.87%	9.94%
Local services taxes		, ,		0.0.70
and per-capita taxes	535,133	514,548	2.91%	3.22%
Public utility taxes	10,331	11,218	0.06%	0.07%
Franchise taxes	808,452	806,267	4.40%	5.04%
Investment earnings	49,825	17,448	0.27%	0.11%
Miscellaneous	235,951	172,624	1.28%	1.08%
Charges for Services	1,868,558	1,636,171	10.17%	10.23%
Operating grants and contributions	4,127,088	3,368,450	22.45%	21.07%
	\$ 18,379,513	\$ 15,989,341	100:00%	100.00%

As seen above, revenues increased when comparing 2017 and 2016, by \$2,390,172 or 14.9%. Real estate transfer taxes remain stable. In December of 2010, the Township approved the enactment of a Local Services Tax, or LST at the legally allowed maximum of \$52 per annum for all people working within the Township borders earning more than \$12,000 per annum. This revenue source yielded over \$535,133 in 2017 and \$514,548 in 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

The Township's governmental programs consist of various operating departments, including police, public works, planning and zoning, park and recreation and several administrative departments. Total expenditures for fiscal 2017 were \$17,442,261; 2016 were \$15,528,398; and \$15,676,461 in 2015. Expenditures by source were as follows:

_	Am	ount	% of Total		
Expenses	2017	2016	2017	2016	
General government	\$ 2,957,426	\$ 2,769,552	16.96%	17.83%	
Public safety	9,276,369	9,041,131	53.18%	58.22%	
Highways and streets	3,453,817	2,960,560	19.80%	19.07%	
Culture and recreation	1,371,724	1,456,326	7.86%	9.38%	
Community development	10,438	70,748	0.06%	0.46%	
Bond issuance costs	te.	52,866	0.00%	0.34%	
Interest on long-term debt	372,487	227,215	2.14%	1.46%	
(Gain) on Disposal of Capital Assets	_	(1,050,000)	0.00%	-6.76%	
	\$ 17,442,261	\$ 15,528,398	100.00%	100.00%	

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund, one fund in the Governmental Activities report, had an operating deficit in 2017 of \$33,692 which was better than the budgeted operating deficit of \$105,271. Property taxes continue to be collected at a high percentage, real estate transfer taxes are stable and we saw an increase in Franchise taxes, Charges for Services as well as Grants and Contributions. This reflects a very strong and vibrant local economy and a solid tax base.

It is the Township's policy that unused appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year. The Township does not "carry over" surpluses into the New Year and maintains budgetary control at the fund level.

As mentioned in the Financial Highlights section, the General Fund balance remains well above the "Safe Harbor" range.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The **Township of Lower Makefield's** investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2017, total \$122,897,628 and were \$117,973,201 in 2016 (net of accumulated depreciation). Township investment in capital assets includes land and land improvements, building improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure (see Table 3). Infrastructure includes roadways, bike paths, curbing and sidewalks, storm sewers, basins, bridges and culverts, easements, streetlights and signs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Additions to capital assets, land and improvements during 2017 include:

Community Center	\$ 3	3,034,591
Construction in Progress - Dog Park	\$	165,994
Construction in Progress - Memorial Park	\$	676,285
Construction in Progress - Snipes	\$	259,967
Golf Course Renovations	\$	21,026
Land	\$	472,000
Land Improvements	\$	146,057
Police and Public Works Equipment	\$	176,616
Police and Public Works Vehicles	\$	313,130
Pool Furniture and Fixtures	\$	62,065
Quiet Zone	\$	245,392
Sewer Capital Contribution - Morrisville	\$ 1	,684,764
Sewer Equipment and Capital Repairs	\$	211,582

	Governme	ntal Activities	tivities Business-Type Activities			vernment
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land*	\$ 23,859,951	\$ 23,387,951	\$ 7,765,999	\$ 7,765,999	\$ 31,625,950	\$ 31,153,950
Construction in Progress	777,392	1,304,663	37,037	37,037	814,429	1,341,700
Infrastructure	50,392,183	49,524,483	-		50,392,183	49,524,483
Total Capital Assets						10,021,100
Not Depreciated	75,029,526	74,217,097	7,803,036	7,803,036	82,832,562	82,020,133
Land Improvements	9,662,681	9,213,290	8,120,764	8,120,764	17,783,445	17,334,054
Plant and Pools	1,308,418	1,308,418	46,807,354	45,060,500	48,115,772	46,368,918
Buildings and Improvements	10,742,006	6,921,626	3,397,254	3,397,254	14,139,260	10,318,880
Furniture and Equipment	3,845,523	3,750,820	2,092,648	1,860,039	5,938,171	5,610,859
Vehicles	6,342,729	6,029,599	-	_	6,342,729	6,029,599
Total Capital Assets					0,0 12,1 20	0,020,000
Depreciated	31,901,357	27,223,753	60,418,020	58,438,557	92,319,377	85,662,310
Accumulated Depreciation	(18,735,116)	(17,796,848)	(33,519,195)	(31,903,034)	(52,254,311)	(49,699,882)
Total Capital Assets	\$ 88,195,767	\$ 83,644,002	\$ 34,701,861	\$ 34,338,559	\$ 122,897,628	\$ 117,982,561

^{*}Land is recorded at historical cost; market values are significantly higher.

Depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. Useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Infrastructure	20
Land Improvements	5-40
Plant and Pools	4-40
Building and Building Improvements	40
Furniture and Equipment	5
Vehicles	3-10

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

In the case of road, curb, sidewalk and bike path infrastructure, the Township has elected to use the modified approach. Please see Page 56 in Required Supplementary Information section of the financial statements for a more detailed description of the method. Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Notes A and E in the financial statements.

Total Liabilities

At the end of 2017, the Township had \$42,534,043 in outstanding principal for all Note Payables and Bonds. Net of premiums, discounts and amortization, the total amount is \$44,232,763. Total Long-Term Liabilities at the end of 2017 were \$49,218,755, which includes OPEB and Pension liabilities and Accrued Sick Time.

In September 2016, a new issue of a \$21.7 million General Obligation Bond was given an AA1 rating by Moody's Investor Services. During the process of issuing the Series A and Series B of 2010 General Obligation Bonds, the Township went through the normal rating process and Moody's Investor Services upgraded the Township from AA2 rating to AA1 rating. This was based on 2010 audited financial statements and unaudited statements. The Township continues to meet the requirements of the rating agencies through quarterly and annual reporting, and by exercising strong fiduciary stewardship.

<u>Debt</u>

Outstanding debt at year end (net of premiums, discounts, and amortization) for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

Government Activities	2017	2016
General Obligation Bonds		
Series A of 2010	\$ 536,237	\$ 1,205,395
Series B of 2013	803,616	803,616
Series of 2015	3,371,321	3,766,178
Series of 2016	7,413,992	7,733,939
General Obligation Notes		
Series of 2004	1,769,000	1,895,000
Notes Payable		
PEMA	11,807	22,709
Bucks County	239,702	285,538
	\$ 14,145,675	\$ 15,712,375
Business Type Activities		
General Obligation Bonds		
Series of 2011	\$ -	\$ -
Series A of 2013	1,971,517	1,978,905
Series B of 2013	1,988,918	1,988,918
Series of 2015	2,694,114	3,351,820
Series of 2016	14,926,538	15,348,851
General Obligation Notes		
Series A of 2002	3,470,000	3,470,000
Series B of 2002	5,036,000	5,036,000
	30,087,087	31,174,494
Net OPEB Obligation	628,103	592,321
Net Pension Liability	5,513,744	6,967,457
Compensated Absences	835,655	754,297
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 51,210,264	\$ 55,200,944

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Economic Factors

The **Township of Lower Makefield** services an area of seventeen square miles and a population of 32,559 (2010 United States Census). The Township is located in the southeastern portion of Bucks County, just across the river from Trenton, New Jersey and twenty-five miles northeast of Philadelphia. Economically, the Township is largely residential in nature, with some agricultural activity. Commercial development can be found on a limited basis, most of which support the residential community. With the recent development of land into office buildings, more employment opportunities can be found within the Township than in prior years.

As shown in the data below, the **Township of Lower Makefield** is considerably wealthier than Bucks County as a whole. Both Bucks County and the **Township of Lower Makefield** are substantially wealthier than the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the nation. Several factors that create this wealth are the higher educational levels of our residents and the Township's ideal location for commuting to New York and Philadelphia, where higher paying jobs can be found.

	M	Lower akefield ownship	Buc	ks County	Pen	nsylvania	Unit	ed States
Per Capita Income Median Family Income Percentage of Population Below	\$	54,282 136,638	\$	34,917 86,196	\$	26,933 63,283	\$	28,051 53,046
Poverty Level		1.5%		5.0%		9.6%		14.9%

Source: United States Census Bureau (2010 Census)

The 2018 Budget

The total millage for 2018 will be 19.01; this includes an increase of 1.0 mills in the General Fund, .35 mills in the Park and Recreation Fund, and .15 mills in the newly created Road Machinery Fund. This is an increase of 1.50 over 2017 mileage.

Real estate transfer taxes are budgeted at \$1,275,000, up \$75,000 from 2017's budget, and down from the high point of \$1,925,000 actually received in 2005. We expect that the housing market and related credit markets will begin to show stability and steady improvement during 2018; however, the rise in interest rates may impact these taxes.

We are in the 4th year of a 4-year contract for Police and Public Works is in the 4th year of a 5-year contract.

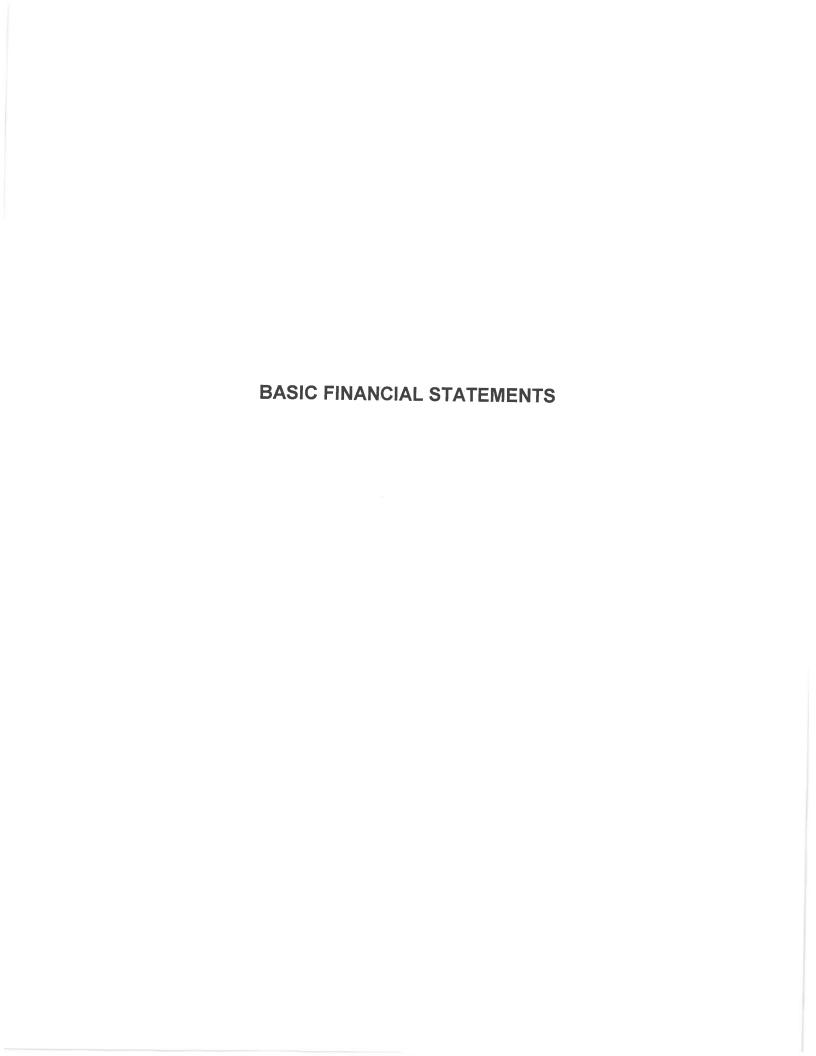
In addition, the township increased sewer rental rates 14.5% in 2018 to begin to address the sewer fund deficits.

Litigation

There is no outstanding litigation that will adversely affect Township finances.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the monies it receives and disburses. If you have any questions about this report or to request additional financial information, please contact Terry Fedorchak, Township Manager, 1100 Edgewood Road, Yardley, Pennsylvania 19067.



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

Assets	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Interfund receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses	\$ 9,875,074 1,445,336 365,669 - 6,525	\$ 688,807 2,061,027 - 96,031 18,116	\$ 10,563,881 3,506,363 365,669 96,031 24,641
Total Current Assets	11,692,604	2,863,981	14,556,585
Capital Assets Net capital assets Total Assets	88,195,767 99,888,371	34,701,863 37,565,844	122,897,630 137,454,215
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows of Resources Deferred pension outflow Deferred charges on refunding of bond Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	549,914 549,914	39,190 116,959 156,149	589,104 116,959 706,063
Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Interfund payables	588,420 2,588,876	1,517,512 683,203	2,105,932 3,272,079
Security deposits Bonds and notes payable, current portion	176,251 47,060 1,270,795	189,418 - <u>1,548,907</u>	365,669 47,060 2,819,702
Total Current Liabilities Long-term liabilities Bonds and notes payable, net of current portion Other post-employment benefits Compensated absences Net pension liability	4,671,402 12,874,881 628,103 835,655 5,220,954	28,538,180 - - 292,790	8,610,442 41,413,061 628,103 835,655 5,513,744
Total Long-term Liabilities	19,559,593	28,830,970	48,390,563
Total Liabilities	24,230,995	32,770,010	57,001,005
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension inflow Deferred gift card and rental receipts Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	752,391 - - 752,391	109,019 408,761 517,780	861,410 408,761 1,270,171
Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Capital projects (deficit) Debt service	74,050,091 (834,462) 5,858,474	4,614,776	78,664,867 (834,462)
Special revenue funds Unrestricted (deficit)	246,901	(400 570)	5,858,474 246,901
Total Net Position	(3,866,105) \$ 75,454,899	(180,573) \$ 4,434,203	(4,046,678) \$ 79,889,102

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2017

Functions/Programs

Governmental Activities

Primary Government

General government Public safety Public works

	Program	Program Revenues Operating	Net (Expense) Changes in	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
	Charge for Services	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities
	\$ 729,050	\$ 148.960	\$ (2.079.416)	6
	250,516 713,679	834,986		· · ·
	175,313	1,638,931	442,520	
	3 1	1 1	(10,438) (372,487)	
,	1,868,558	4,127,088	(11,446,615)	1
	5,924,902	,		(000 300)
	999,105	1	r - r	(ous, 633) 35
1	2,927,073	-		122,430
- 1	9,851,080		1	(683 368)
- 11	\$ 11,719,638	\$ 4,127,088	(11,446,615)	(683,368)
S	General Revenues (Expenses)			
ล	Friopeny taxes, levied for general purpose Transfer taxes	rpose	9,114,453	1
\simeq	Local services and per capita taxes		1,029,722	1
PURTA Utility Tax			10,331	' '
-ranchise taxes			808,452	,
nvestment earnings	gs		49,825	6.250
ਲ	Reimbursement and miscellaneous		235,951	
			3,837,187	1,649,441
Ì			(3,360,378)	(2,126,250)
D :	nes		12,860,676	(470,559)
SIT	Change in Net Position		1,414,061	(1,153,927)
ნე .	Net Position at Beginning of Year		74,040,838	5,588,130
ō	Net Position at End of Year		\$ 75,454,899	\$ 4,434,203

Total Business Type Activities

Total Primary Government

Total Governmental Activities

Business Type Activities Sewer fund

Community pool fund Golf course fund

Community development Interest on long-term debt

Parks and recreation

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Debt Service Fund	Special Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash Accounts receivable, net Interfund receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 3,367,431 442,654 28,421 6,525	\$ - 953,074 - -	\$ 6,001,140 11,501 - -	\$ - 4,800 - -	\$ 506,503 33,307 337,248	\$ 9,875,074 1,445,336 365,669 6,525
Total Assets	\$ 3,845,031	\$ 953,074	\$ 6,012,641	\$ 4,800	\$ 877,058	\$ 11,692,604
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Interfund payables Security deposits	\$ 255,242 549,053 - 37,297	\$ 185,182 1,602,354 - -	\$ - 147,830	\$ 33,879 401,730 - -	\$ 114,117 35,739 28,421 9,763	\$ 588,420 2,588,876 176,251 47,060
Total Liabilities	841,592	1,787,536	147,830	435,609	188,040	3,400,607
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred taxes	52,640	-	6,337		11,308	70,285
Fund Balances (Deficit) Nonspendable: Prepaid items Restricted:	6,525	-	-	s.	-	6,525
Capital projects (deficit) Debt service	-	(834,462)	~		-	(834,462)
Special revenue funds (deficit) Unassigned:	2		5,858,474	(430,809)	677,710	5,858,474 246,901
General fund	2,944,274					2,944,274
Total Fund Balances (deficit)	2,950,799	(834,462)	5,858,474	(430,809)	677,710	8,221,712
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 3,845,031	\$ 953,074	\$ 6,012,641	\$ 4,800	\$ 877,058	\$ 11,692,604

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances
To Net Position of Governmental Activities

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	8,221,712
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because of the following:		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$106,930,882 and the accumulated depreciation is \$18,735,115.		88,195,767
Taxes and grants not collected within 60 days of year-end are not recognized as a receivable in the funds.		70,285
Net deferred pension outflow/inflow of resources are not available in the current period		(202,477)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Those liabilities consist of: Bonds and notes payable, including premiums	((14,145,676)
Post retirement health benefit obligation Net pension liability	`	(628,103)
Accrued compensated abscenses - sick time		(5,220,954) (835,655)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	75,454,899

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

Revenues	General	Capital Reserve	Debt Service	Special Project	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Real estate taxes						
Real estate transfer taxes	\$ 6,053,450	\$ -	\$ 1,222,835	\$ -	\$ 1,845,242	\$ 9,121,527
Local services and per capita taxes	1,629,722	-	-	-	-	1,629,722
Licenses, permits and fees	535,133	tox	•	37	-	535,133
Fines, forfeits and costs	1,533,198	•		: m	-	1,533,198
Interest earnings	89,101		-	-	-	89,101
Rental income	200.040	-	35,241	877	4,798	40,916
Intergovernmental revenues	329,818		-	-	121,169	450,987
Charges for services	701,177	1,185,519	. =	-	1,332,776	3,219,472
Contributions	714,874	-	7.5	-	211,296	926,170
Miscellaneous income	500	44.540	-	471,528	31,929	503,957
Total Revenues	95,009	41,549	-	-	111,895	248,453
	11,681,982	1,227,068	1,258,076	472,405	3,659,105	18,298,636
Expenditures						
General government	2,042,510	636,490		-	-	2,679,000
Public safety	5,698,879	-	-	-	940,196	6,639,075
Public works	1,611,734	-	-	_	1,563,713	3,175,447
Parks and recreation	3 - 2	-	<i>€</i>	-	954,787	954,787
Community development	. 	~	-	-	_	-
Capital outlay Insurance	-	3,524,337	-	1,819,639	146,057	5,490,033
	416,447	-	-	94	-	416,447
Employee benefits and taxes Debt service	2,058,495	-	-	-	-	2,058,495
Principal Principal						,
Interest	~	-	1,425,408	-	-	1,425,408
			372,487	(#)		372,487
Total Expenditures	11,828,065	4,160,827	1,797,895	1,819,639	3,604,753	23,211,179
(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(146,083)	(2,933,759)	(539,819)	(1,347,234)	54,352	(4,912,543)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(1,111,11)
Refund prior year expenditure	109,688	_	-	_	5.384	115,072
Operating transfers in	459,570	1,839,634	303,471	975,012	259,500	3,837,187
Operating transfers out	(125,000)	_	(2,861,455)	(30,009)	(406,914)	(3,423,378)
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	444,258	1,839,634	(2,557,984)	945,003	(142,030)	528,881
Net change in fund balances	298,175	(1,094,125)	(3,097,803)	(402,231)	(87,678)	(4,383,662)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	2,652,624	259,663	8,956,277	(28,578)	765,388	12,605,374
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$ 2,950,799	\$ (834,462)	\$ 5,858,474	\$ (430,809)	\$ 677,710	\$ 8,221,712
		. (55.7,102)	- 0,000,114	(400,009)	Ψ 0/1,/10	φ 0,221,/12

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balances to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (4,383,662)
Capital outlays are reported in the Governmental Funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Adjustments consist of: Capital outlays Depreciation expense	5,490,032 (938,267)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	1,421,238
Governmental Funds report the effect of premiums when debt is issued, but these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	145,462
Taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are not recognized as revenue in the Government Funds, but are recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities.	(7,074)
Compensated absences for unused sick time do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds, but are recorded as expenses in the Statement of Activities.	(81,358)
Net Pension Liability	(196,528)
In the Governmental Funds, post retirement health benefits are reported as expenses when due, but in the Statement of Activities the obligation is accrued.	(35,782)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,414,061

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

		Proprietary Funds					
	Sewer Fund	Community Pool Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total Proprietary Funds			
Assets Current assets Cash Accounts receivable, net Inventory Prepaid expenses	\$ - 2,057,117	\$ 502,720 - -	\$ 186,087 3,910 96,031	\$ 688,807 2,061,027 96,031			
Total Current Assets		502,720	18,116 304,144	<u>18,116</u> 2,863,981			
Capital assets Net capital assets Total Assets	18,918,143 20,975,260	473,772 976,492	15,309,948 15,614,092	34,701,863 37,565,844			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred pension outflow Deferred charges on refunding of bond	39,190 84,234		32,725	39,190 116,959			
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	123,424	_	32,725	156,149			
Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expense Interfund payables Current portion of long-term debt	1,501,562 658,664 - 648,000	3,536 6,502 - -	12,414 18,037 189,418 900,907	1,517,512 683,203 189,418 1,548,907			
Total Current Liabilities	2,808,226	10,038	1,120,776	3,939,040			
Long-term liabilities Net pension liability Bonds and notes payable	292,790 14,278,538		- 14,259,642	292,790 28,538,180			
Total Long-Term Liabilities	14,571,328_		14,259,642	28,830,970			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension inflow Deferred revenue Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	109,019 155,156		- 253,605	109,019 408,761			
	264,175	-	253,605	517,780			
Net position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted (deficit)	3,991,605 (536,650)	473,772 492,682	149,399 (136,605)	4,614,776 (180,573)			
Total Net Position	\$ 3,454,955	\$ 966,454	\$ 12,794	\$ 4,434,203			

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Sewer Fund	Community Golf Cour Pool Fund Fund	Total rse Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenues Charges for service Miscellaneous	\$ 5,781,046 20,126	\$ 988,948 \$ 2,927,0 10,157	073 \$ 9,697,067 - 30,283
Total Operating Revenues	5,801,172	999,105 2,927,0	9,727,350
Operating Expenses Operations Depreciation	5,192,546 1,230,355	908,876 2,307,7 90,194 295,6	, ,
Total Operating Expenses	6,422,901	999,070 2,603,3	10,025,325
Operating Income (loss)	(621,729)	35 323,7	(19 (297,975)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Earnings on investments Tapping fees Interest expense (Accretion) Amortization	3,601 123,730 (374,288) 66,454	1,541 1,1 (280,3 - 79,0	123,730 83) (654,671)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(180,503)	1,541 (200,1	
Income (loss) before contributions and fund transfers	(802,232)	1,576 123,5	
Contributions and fund transfers Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out	1,649,441 (2,072,738)	- (28,512) (25,0	1,649,441 00) (2,126,250)
Total contributions and fund transfers	(423,297)	(28,512) (25,00	
Change in Net Position	(1,225,529)	(26,936) 98,53	
Total Net Position (deficit), Beginning	4,680,484	993,390 (85,74	14) 5,588,130
Total Net Position, Ending	\$ 3,454,955	\$ 966,454 \$ 12,79	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Proprietary Funds				
	Sewer	Community	Golf Course	Proprietary		
	Fund	Pool Fund	Fund	Funds		
Cash Flows from Operating Activites						
Cash received from customers	\$ 5,795,104	\$ 999.105	\$ 2,953,471	\$ 9,747,680		
Cash payments to suppliers	(5,227,871)	(407,027)	(1,249,950)	(6,884,848)		
Cash payments to employees	(279,268)	(466,777)	(964,223)	(1,710,268)		
Cash payments to other governments	(22,057)	(36,234)	(110,090)	(168,381)		
		(00)1001)	(110,000)	(100,501)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	265,908	89,067	629,208	984,183		
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing						
Activities						
Transfers (out)	1,576,703	(28,512)	(25,000)	1,523,191		
Tapping fees	123,730	(==,0.=)	(20,000)	123,730		
				120,700		
Net cash provided by (used) in non-capital financing activities	1,700,433	(28,512)	(25,000)	1,646,921		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Purchases of capital assets	(1,896,376)	(62,065)	(21,026)	(1,979,467)		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(346,500)	-	(570,000)	(916,500)		
Interest paid on long-term debt	(374,288)	_	(280,383)	(654,671)		
Net cash (used) in capital and related financing activities	(2,617,164)	(62,065)	(871,409)	(3,550,638)		
Cook Floure from Investing A of the						
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Earnings from investments	3,601	1,541	1,108	6,250		
Net cash provided by investing activities	6.839	1,541	1,108	9,488		
		1,041	1,100	9,400		
Net increase (decrease) increase in cash and cash eqivalents	(647,222)	31	(266,093)	(913,284)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents						
Beginning of year	647,222	502,689	452,180	1,602,091		
Annual Control of the	,		702,100	1,002,081		
End of Year	\$ -	\$ 502,720	\$ 186,087	\$ 688,807		
			=			

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Proprietary Funds								
		Sewer Fund		mmunity ol Fund	G	olf Course Fund	- Р	Total roprietary Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities									
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(621,729)	\$	35	\$	323,719	\$	(297,975)	
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in		1,230,355		90,194		295,614		1,616,163	
Accounts receivable Inventory Prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in		(6,068) - -				(1,780) (10,287) 3,547		(7,848) (10,287) 3,547	
Accounts payable Pension Liability Deferred penson liability Accrued expense Deferred revenue		(10,969) (160,537) 169,840 (372,300) 37,316		(2,189) - - 1,027 -		(10,466) - - 683 28,178		(23,624) (160,537) 169,840 (370,590) 65,494	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_\$_	265,908	\$	89,067	\$	629,208	\$	984,183	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2017

	Pe	ension Trust Fund	ds	Deferred	Unemployment		
	Police Pension	Non-Uniform Pension	Deferred Contribution Pension	Retirement Option Plan Fund	Compensation Trust Fund	Agency Fund	Total Fiduciary Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable	\$ 238,402 10,869,632	\$ 338,041 7,708,948	\$ - 75,742	\$ - 393,956	\$ -	\$ 607,378 - 145,449	\$ 1,183,821 19,048,278 145,449
Total Assets	11,108,034	8,046,989	75,742	393,956	-	752,827	20,377,548
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to developers	-	H -	 .w		19,065	116,179 636,648	135,244 636,648
Total Liabilities		-	-	•	19,065	752,827	771,892
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other purposes (deficit)	\$ 11,108,034	\$ 8,046,989	\$ 75,742	\$ 393,956	\$ (19,065)	\$ -	\$ 19,605,656

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Pension Trust Funds			Deferred	Deferred Unemployment	
	Police Pension	Non-Uniform Pension	Deferred Contribution Pension	Retirement Option Plan Fund	Compensation Trust Fund	Total Fiduciary Funds
Additions Contributions Employer	\$ 643,663	ф 200.000	•			
Transfer from Police Pension Investment income	\$ 643,663 44,704 1,625,150	\$ 399,920 38,467 1,169,348	\$ - 31,680 8,586	\$ - 164,500 5,888	\$ - - -	\$ 1,043,583 279,351 2,808,972
Total Additions	2,313,517	1,607,735	40,266	170,388	3 ₩ 0	4,131,906
Deductions Administrative expenses Benefits Investment loss Transfer to Deferred Retirement Option Plan	68,806 651,810 - 164,500	52,580 413,877 - -	550 - - -	8 - -	3,015 - -	121,936 1,068,702 - 164,500
Total Deductions	885,116	466,457	550		3,015	1,355,138
Change in Net Position	1,428,401	1,141,278	39,716	170,388	(3,015)	2,776,768
Net position (deficit) held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes:						
Beginning of year (deficit)	9,679,633	6,905,711	36,026	223,568	(16,050)	16,828,888
End of year (deficit)	\$ 11,108,034	\$ 8,046,989	\$ 75,742	\$ 393,956	\$ (19,065)	\$ 19,605,656

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Entity

The **Township of Lower Makefield** (the Township) is located in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, was formed in 1692, exists as a Second-Class Township, and is a "local government unit" as defined under the Local Government Unit Debt Act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The five-member governing body of the Township is the Board of Supervisors. A Township manager is appointed by and serves at the direction of the Board of Supervisors to administer the daily operations of the Township. Principal services provided by the Township include public safety, maintenance of the roads and highways, culture and recreation, maintenance of the sewer system and general governmental administration.

The financial statements of the Township have been prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Township has adopted all applicable GASB Statements through GASB No. 74 and No. 76 through 81. The Township has not determined the effect of GASB Statements No. 75 and 82 through 88 since these GASB Statements are not required to be adopted until periods beginning after June 15, 2017, June 15, 2018, December 15, 2018 or December 15, 2019.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Township are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township.

In evaluating the Township as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the Township may or may not be financially accountable and as such, be included in the Township's financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, the Township is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burden on the Township. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Management has elected to include the Municipal Sewer Authority of the Township of Lower Makefield (the Authority) as a blended component unit in the December 31, 2017 annual financial report. The Authority is reported as if it was part of the Township because its sole purpose is to finance and construct the Township's facilities. The Authority issues a separately audited financial statement. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Township's Finance Director.

Management has elected not to include the following potential component units in the December 31, 2017 annual financial report:

- Yardley Makefield Fire Company
- Lower Makefield Farmland Preservation, Inc.
- Yardley Makefield Rescue Squad

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December</u> 31, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

These entities are under the direction of a separate independent board. These entities are organized under a separate charter and, therefore, not included in the annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position, a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its blended component unit. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Government activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges to external customers for support.

The government-wide statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Governmental Funds financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government wide statements and the statements for Governmental Funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligible requirements imposed by the providers have been met.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues for each segment of the business type activities of the Township and for each function or program of the Township's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Administrative overhead charges of the general government are included in the direct expenses. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Township.

As a general rule, the effect of the interfund activity has been eliminated from the government wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate Fund Financial Statements are provided for Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of Fund Financial Statements is on major funds. Major individual government funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation and Accounting (Continued)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by the measurement focus. The Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the fiscal period. Those revenues generally susceptible to accrual are real estate taxes, real estate transfer taxes, and local services and per capita taxes. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to other postemployment benefits, compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. The financial statements for Governmental Funds are balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which report on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept in intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Township. Therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses, permits, and fees, fines, forfeitures, and costs, charges for services, rental income, and other miscellaneous income are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

All Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a *flow of economic resources measurement focus*. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position (deficit). The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position (deficit) presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total Net Position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Township finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary Funds distinguished operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Proprietary Funds' ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Township's Enterprise Funds are sewer charges, golf fees, and pool membership fees. Operating expenses for the Township's Enterprise Funds include supplies, administrative costs and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain Township functions or activities. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Township has the following funds:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund form which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance." The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in current financial resources, rather than upon net income determination.

The Township reports the following major Governmental Funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Pennsylvania.

Capital Reserve Fund (Capital Project Fund)

The Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for financial resources, including bond and loan proceeds, to be used for acquisitions or construction of major capital assets (other than those financed by the Street Project Fund, the 9-11 Memorial Fund, and Proprietary Funds). The Capital Project Fund balance is a deficit of \$1,745,987.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs.

Special Project Fund

The Special Project Fund is used to account for non-recurring financial resources that are not part of any other special revenue funds. The Special Project Fund balance is a deficit of \$430,809 as of December 31, 2017.

Other Special Revenue Funds

The other special revenue funds of the Township are considered non-major (presented in a single column) and are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Township's Other Special Revenue Funds include: Liquid Fuels, Hydrant, Ambulance, Fire Protection, 9-11 Memorial Fund, Parks and Recreation, Street Lights, Parks and Recreation Fee-in-Lieu, Library, and Traffic Impact.

The following Other Special Revenue Funds had fund deficits as of December 31, 2017:

9-11 Memorial Fund (\$28,909) Hydrant Fund (\$63,753) Park and Recreation (\$139,501)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are organized to be self-supporting through user charges. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting," the Township has not and does not intend to apply any Statements and Interpretations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued after November 30, 1989 to the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds.

The Township reports the following major Proprietary Funds:

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the sewer system infrastructure, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Community Pool Fund

The Community Pool Fund accounts for the operations of the Township's municipal pool.

Golf Course Fund

The Golf Course Fund accounts for the construction and operation of the Township's municipal golf course.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Township as a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

The Township reports the following Fiduciary Funds:

Pension Trust Funds

The Pension Trust Funds account for the assets and liabilities held by the Township in a trustee capacity for the police officers and non-uniform employees' pension plans.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan Fund

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan Fund accounts for the assets and liabilities held by the Township in a trustee capacity for policy officers within forty-eight months of retirement. (See Note J).

Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund

The Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund accounts for the assets and liabilities related to the Township's self-insured unemployment compensation coverage. As of December 31, 2017, the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund has a deficit of \$19,065.

Agency Fund

The Agency Fund accounts for the assets held as an agent for the various developer escrows.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December</u> 31, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could different from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Funds consider all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. State statutes authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, short-term obligations of the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities, backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision and insured certificates of deposit.

As of December 31, 2017, the only the Township's fiduciary funds held investments.

Interest earnings attributable to the Township's concentration accounts is allocated to the Township's various funds based on the ratio of each participating fund's average balance to the total pooled average balance.

Accounts Receivable

Real estate tax receivables are recognized when levied to the extent that they are available as current assets. Real estate taxes are levied March 1. An elected tax collector bills and collects all real estate taxes and remits them to the Township. Taxes unpaid in the current year are liened January 15 of the succeeding year. Taxes are paid as follows: two percent (2%) discount, March 1 through April 30; face amount May through June 30; and a ten percent (10%) penalty thereafter.

Other fees and assessments include franchise fees, transfer taxes, and street light and solid waste collection assessments and are recognized when billed.

Accounts receivable includes all invoices owed by other governments, individuals and private enterprises for services rendered and/or materials supplied. Revenue is recognized when the invoice is prepared.

Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, transactions may occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" on the Governmental Funds balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventory and Prepaid Expenditures/Expenses

Inventories are valued using the average cost method. Inventory in the Golf Course Fund is capitalized under the consumption method, whereby expenditures are capitalized as inventory until used.

The inventories on hand in the Golf Course Fund at December 31, 2017, consist of the following:

Pro Shop	\$ 85,547
Food and Beverage	\$ 10,484
	\$ 96,031

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenditures/expenses in both the government wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Charges

Deferred charges consist of bond and note deferred losses on early retirement of debt, which are amortized over the life of the new debt.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructures (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems) and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government wide financial statements. The Township defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost equal to or greater than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) or purchased with debt proceeds and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest and real estate taxes incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business type activities are included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed and associated land.

In the case of road, curb, sidewalk and bike path infrastructure, the Township has elected to use the modified approach and the assets are not depreciated. See page 60 for a more detailed description of the method.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Township are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Infrastructure	20
Land improvements	5-40
Plant and pools	4-40
Building and building improvements	40
Furniture and equipment	5
Vehicles	3-10

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and government fund balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and thus will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Township has two items in the Proprietary Funds and one item in government-wide statement of net position that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred charges on refunding of bonds are amortized over the life of the bonds in the Proprietary Funds. The deferred pension outflow in the Proprietary Funds and governmental activities are amortized over four years or more.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the government funds balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and thus will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Township has one item in the government fund and two items in the Proprietary Funds balance sheet that qualifies for this category. Deferred pension inflow is reported in the Proprietary Funds and the governmental activities and are amortized over four years or more. In the Proprietary Funds, deferred revenue from unused golf fund gift certificates and gift cards are recognized as revenue when redeemed and are classified as deferred inflows of resources.

Compensated Absences, Post-Employment Benefits and Net Pension Liability

The Township accounts for compensated absences by complying with GASB Statement No. 16 Accounting for Compensated Absences. This statement requires a liability be reported for certain compensated absences as the benefits are earned by employees instead of when they are paid. Certain Township employees are entitled to vacation pay based on years of service. The unpaid vacation time as of December 31, 2017 is included in accrued expenses. Police officers are entitled to a maximum of sixty days' sick pay upon retirement and the accrued sick time is reported as compensated absences on the statement of net position. In addition, per the terms of the Township's police and public works contract, officers and public works employees are due certain other benefits after retirement. See Note H – Post Retirement Health Benefits.

These post-retirement health benefits include thirty-six months of medical, dental, prescription, and life insurance coverage for eligible retirees and their dependents. The CBA that was enacted effective January 1, 2010 extend the thirty-month window an additional sixty months if an officer elected to retire by December 31, 2010.

During 2015, the Township adopted GASB 68 which is the inclusion of the Net Pension Liability. See Note G - Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and Proprietary Fund in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business type activities, or Proprietary Fund statement of net position (deficit). Bond/note premiums and discounts, as well as deferred losses on early retirement of debt, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond/notes payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Funds recognize bond/note premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources in the government wide and Proprietary Funds financial statements. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position amounts are considered unrestricted. The Township applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Equity

The Township follows GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions." This statement provides defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed upon a government's fund balance more transparent. Fund balances of the government funds are classified as follows:

Non-Spendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because of their form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions of enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Township Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is the highest decision-making authority of the Township. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board of Supervisors.

Assigned - Amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned - Residual net resources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Real Estate Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied no later than the fourth Monday in March of each year based on assessed values as of the preceding January 1 for all real property located in the Township. Taxpayers are granted discounts if payments are made by April 30 and are subject to penalties if payments are not made by June 30. An elected tax collector monitors, collects and remits property taxes to the Township.

The Township also annually levies a \$10 per capita tax on all residents over the age of eighteen. In addition, a Local Services Tax on all people employed within the township boundaries with annual salaries over \$12,000 are assessed at \$52 annual charge. Real estate transfer taxes received by the Township are .5% on the transfer of title of real property in the Township.

The tax collector, who is responsible for collecting taxes on behalf of the Township, County and School District, is an elected official. The Township regards the tax collector's office as a separate entity and, therefore, does not account for its activity in the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events after the statement of net position date through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, June 29, 2018, have been evaluated in the preparation of the financial statements. Subsequent events are disclosed in Note Q.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township follows state statute as it relates to custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2017, the Township's total cash and cash equivalents held in deposit accounts was \$10,563,881. The Township's bank balance was \$9,127,161 of which \$8,627,161 was uninsured including the fiduciary funds and cash and cash equivalent and was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department not in the Township's name

\$ 8,627,161

Investments

As of December 31, 2017, the Township had the following investments and maturities in its Pension Trust and Deferred Retirement Option Plan Funds:

Fair Value										
Investment Type	Po	lice Pension Fund	Non-Uniform Pension Fund		Deferred Retirement Option Plan		ent Pension			Total
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	\$	3,156,862	\$	1,976,705	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5.133.567
Equity Mutual Funds		1,632,598		1,265,700		15,679		75,742	·	2,989,719
Mixed Assets		1,365,570		1,129,371		=		-		2,494,941
Common Stock		4,714,602		3,337,172		-		-		8,051,774
Investment Contract		-			_	378,277		-		378,277
Total	\$	10,869,632	\$	7,708,948	\$	393,956	\$	75,742	\$	19,048,278

Investment Type	Less than One Year	One to	-	Five to en Years	Total
Fixed Income Mutual Funds Equity Mutual Funds Mixed Assets Common Stock Investment Contract	\$ 5,133,567 2,989,719 2,494,941 8,051,774 378,277	·	- \$ - -	- - - -	\$ 5,133,567 2,989,719 2,494,941 8,051,774 378,277
Total	\$ 19,048,278	\$	- \$	-	\$ 19,048,278

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its expose to fair value losses arising from interest rates, the Township's Pension Trust Funds' investment policy limits investments to the following criteria:

Asset Allocation	Minimum	Maximum
Cash	0%	10%
Fixed Income	30%	50%
Equities	50%	70%

Restrictions

Fixed Income

- Average credit quality AA, maximum of 10% in BBB.
- Minimum issuer credit quality investment grade.
- Duration range 80% to 120% of index duration
- No maturity may exceed 30 years.

Equities

- Mutual funds are acceptable vehicles for equity allocation.
- The allocation may include international and small cap funds.

The Township's Pension Trust Funds met these requirements. All other investments of the Township follow state statute as it relates to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

The Township's Pension Trust Funds' credit risk policy is described under interest rate risk restrictions. The Township's investments in corporate bonds have ratings ranging from A1 to AA3 by Moody's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Township's Pension Trust Funds' concentration of credit risk is described in Note G.

NOTE C - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are comprised of the following:

		Governmental Type Funds							
	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmenta Funds		
Real estate taxes Other fees and	\$	75,541	\$	11,501	\$	19,603	\$	106,645	
assessments		367,113				60,053		427,166	
Total	\$	442,654	\$	11,501	\$	79,656	\$	533,811	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE C - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

	Propriet	Proprietary Funds					
	Enterprise Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Golf course Sewer billings	\$ 3,910 2,057,117	\$ -					
Due from developers		145,449					
Total	\$2,061,027	\$ 145,449					

Accounts receivable for the sewer billings is reported net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$25,000. No bad debt expense was recorded for the year ended December 31, 2017.

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

		ά.		
A summary of changes in conite!	ata ia aa falla			
A summary of changes in capital asse		i :		
	Balance			Balance
	January 1,			December 31,
	2017	Additions	Transfers	2017
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 23,387,951	\$ 472,000	\$ -	\$ 23,859,951
Infrastructure	49,524,483	245,392	622,308	50,392,183
Construction in progress	1,304,663	777,392	(1,300,988)	781,067
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	d74,217,097	1,494,784	(678,680)	75,033,201
Capital assets being depreciated				
Infrastructure	1,308,418	2	-	1,308,418
Land improvements	9,213,290	445,717	-	9,659,007
Buildings and improvements	6,921,626	3,141,697	678,680	10,742,003
Vehicles	6,029,599	313,130	-	6,342,729
Furniture and equipment	3,750,820	94,704	_	3,845,524
	27,223,753	3,995,248	678,680	31,897,681
Accumulated drepreciation	(17,796,848)	(938,267)	-	(18,735,115)
Total Capital Assets, Net	9,426,905	3,056,981	678,680	13,162,566
Total Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	83,644,002	4,551,765	_	88,195,767
Dunimana Anti-teta				
Business Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land				
	7,765,999	-	20	7,765,999
Construction in progress	37,037			37,037
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	7,803,036		_	7,803,036
	.,000,000			7,803,030
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	8,120,764	~	_	8,120,764
Sewer infrastructure and pools	45,060,500	1,746,859	_	46,807,359
Buildings and inprovements	3,397,254		_	3,397,254
Furniture and equipment	1,860,039	232,608	_	2,092,647
Takal On the Land of the Land				
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	58,438,557	1,979,467	-	60,418,024
Accumulated depreciation	(31,903,034)	(1,616,163)		(33,519,197)
Total Capital Assets, Net	26 525 522	200.001		
. ow. oapital rasets, Net	26,535,523	363,304	-	26,898,827
Total Business Activity Capital Assets, Net	34,338,559	363,304		34,701,863
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$117,982,561	\$ 4,915,069	\$ -	\$122,897,630

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements <u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions and business-type functions as follows:

Governmental		Business	
General government	\$ 40,830	Sewer fund	\$ 1,230,355
Public safety	268,669	Golf course fund	295,614
Public works	274,832	Pool fund	90,194
Parks and recreation	353,936		
Total	\$ 938,267	Total	\$ 1,616,163

NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity of the Township for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Principal Outstanding January 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions / Maturities		Principal Outstanding ecember 31, 2017		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities					2017	<u> </u>	one rear
General Obligation Bonds: Series A of 2010 Series B of 2013 Series of 2015 Series of 2016	\$ 1,145,000 803,616 3,505,000 7,287,200	\$ 	\$ (645,000) - (310,000) (283,500))	500,000 803,616 3,195,000 7,003,700	\$	500,000 - 315,000 252,000
General Obligation Notes: Series of 2004	1,895,000		(126,000)		. ,		252,000
Notes Payable: Commonwealth of PA: PEMA			,		1,769,000		٠
Bucks County	22,709 285,538	=	(10,902)		11,807		11,807
Deferred amounts:	200,000	-	(45,836)		239,702		46,526
Bond premiums	768,312	-	(145,462)		622,850		145,462
Total Bonds and Notes	15,712,375	-	 (1,566,700)		14,145,675	-	1,270,795
Net OPEB obligation	592,321	35,782	_		628,103		-
Accrued sick time	754,297	81,358	-		835,655		_
Net pension liability	6,514,015		(1,293,061)		5,220,954		
Total Government Activities	23,573,008	117,140	 (1,566,700)	2	20,830,387	1	,270,795
Business Activities General Obligation Bonds: Series A of 2013 Series B of 2013	1,960,000 1,988,918	2 01	(5,000)		1,955,000		25,000
Series of 2015	3,045,000	2	(565,000)		1,988,918 2,480,000		585,000
Series of 2016	14,427,800	-	(346,500)	1	4,081,300		648,000
General Obligation Notes: Series A of 2002 Series B of 2002	3,470,000 5,036,000	-	-		3,470,000 5,036,000		120,000
Defrred amounts Bond premiums	1,246,776		(170,907)		1,075,869		170,907
Total Bonds and Notes	31,174,494	-	(1,087,407)		0,087,087		548,907
Net pension liability	453,442		 (160,652)		292,790	- 1,	<u> </u>
Total long-term libilities	\$ 55,200,944	\$ 117,140	\$ (2,654,107)	\$ 5		\$ 2.	819,702

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Funds to repay outstanding bonds and notes will be provided from future taxes, other general revenues and charges for services. Total interest expense paid during the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$1,027,158. Interest costs incurred and charged to expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$372,487 in the Debt Service Fund, \$374,288 in the Sewer Fund and \$280,383 in the Golf Course Fund.

In May 2018, the Township refunded the General Obligation Bonds Series of 2002 A and B and the General Obligation Note Series of 2004 in the amount of \$9,560,000 by issuing the General Obligation Bonds Series of 2018. See Note Q – Subsequent Event.

Bonds and notes payable at December 31, 2017, consisted of:

General Obligation Note, Series of 2004

Payable to Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority (DVRFA) for the purpose of acquiring open space and constructing Township parks and facilities; principal was payable annually beginning June 2006, interest was payable monthly beginning December 2004 at a variable rate, with maturity scheduled for June 2028.

\$ 1,769,000

General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2010

Issued in 2010 for the purpose of currently refunding the Township's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2003, of \$5,590,000 principal was payable annually beginning December 2010, interest was payable semi-annually beginning December 2010 at rates ranging from 1% to 4%, with maturity scheduled for December 2018.

500,000

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Emergency Management Agency

Note payable for the purpose of constructing an emergency services building and related improvements; the note was issued to the Yardley-Makefield Rescue Squad; the Township assumed payments on the note if July 2001, with the acquisition of the Rescue Squad Building; principal and interest are due monthly at a rate of 2% through January 2019.

11,807

County of Bucks

Note payable for the purpose of acquiring radio equipment principal and interest are due annually at a rate of 1.92% through November 2022

239,702

General Obligation Note, Series A of 2002

Payable to DVRFA for the purpose of construction of a municipal golf course; principal will be payable annually beginning June 2022, interest was payable monthly beginning June 203, at a variable rate not to exceed 3.5% with maturity scheduled for June 2028.

3,470,000

General Obligation Note, Series B of 2002

Payable to DVRFA for the purpose of construction of a municipal golf course; principal will be payable annually beginning June 2022, interest was payable monthly beginning June 2003, at a variable rate not to exceed 3.5% with maturity scheduled for June 2028.

5,036,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2013

Issued in 2013 for the purpose of funding the litigation settlement payment and establishing a golf course construction fund. The bond proceeds will be payable annually beginning in December 2014, interest will be payable semi-annually beginning December 2013, at fixed intervals, ranging from 2.0% to to 3.5%, with maturity scheduled for December 2024.

1,955,000

General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2013

Issued in 2013 for the purpose of funding the litigation settlement payment and establishing a golf course construction fund. The bond proceeds will be payable annually beginning in December 2025, interest will be payable annually beginning December 2025, at fixed intervals, ranging from 4.40% to to 5.45%, with maturity scheduled for December 2032.

2,792,534

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2015

Issued in 2015 for the purpose of refunding the townships 2010 general obligation bonds. The bond proceeds will be payable annually beginning in December 2015, interest will be payable annually beginning December 2015, at fixed intervals, ranging from .25% to 4.00%, with maturity scheduled for December 2021.

5,675,000

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2016

Issued in 2016 for the purpose of refunding the township 2011 general obligation bonds and the remaining proceeds to be used for future capital projects. The bond proceeds will be payable annually beginning March 2017 at fixed intervals ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% with maturity scheduled for March 2036.

21,085,000 \$ 42.534,043

Debt Service Requirements

A summary of long-term debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal*	Interest	Total Debt Service
2018	\$ 2,503,331	\$ 1,119,930	\$ 3,623,261
2019	2,697,221	1,242,730	3,939,951
2020	2,792,930	1,144,944	3,937,874
2021	2,893,649	1,042,350	3,935,999
2022-2026	11,887,064	4,366,011	16,253,075
2027-2031	12,373,095	3,816,717	16,189,812
2032-2036	6,671,753	1,266,987	7,938,740
	\$ 41,819,043	\$ 13,999,669	\$ 55,818,712

^{*} Reflective of the refunding of General Obligation Bonds Series of 2002 A and B and the General Obligation Note Series of 2004 as described in Note Q – Subsequent Event.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The Township is subject to the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which limits the amount of net bonded debt the Township may have outstanding as of any point of time. The Township's bonded indebtedness as of the statement of net assets date is not in excess of statutory limits.

The various bond indentures contain limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements and maintenance of flow of monies through various sinking funds. Management believes the Township is in compliance with all such significant financial limitations and restrictions.

NOTE F - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers are summarized as follows for the year-ended December 31, 2017:

	Operating Transfers In	Operating Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 459,570	\$ 125,000
Capital Reserve Fund	1,839,634	
Debt Service Fund	303,471	2,861,455
Special Project Fund	975,012	30,009
Other Governmental Funds	259,500	343,914
Enterprise Funds		
Sewer Fund	1,649,441	2,072,738
Community Pool Fund	-	28,512
Golf Course Fund	 -	 25,000
Total	\$ 5,486,628	\$ 5,486,628

Interfund receivables/payables are summarized as follows for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	nterfund ceivables	 nterfund Payables
General Fund	\$ 28,421	\$ -
Capital Reserve Fund	-	-
Debt Service Fund	-	147,830
Special Project Fund	-	_
Other Governmental Funds	337,248	28,421
Enterprise Funds		
Sewer Fund	-	-
Community Pool Fund	-	-
Golf Course Fund	 -	189,418
Total	\$ 365,669	\$ 365,669

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Description of Plans

The **Township of Lower Makefield** sponsors a single employer defined pension plan for both police officers and non-uniformed employees of the Township. These plans are included in the Pension Trust Fund of the Township and are controlled by various ordinances adopted pursuant to Pennsylvania Act 205.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2017

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Description of Plans (Continued)

At January 1, 2018 (the most recent valuation date), the Township's pension plan membership consisted of

	Police Pension Plan	Non-Uniform Pension Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled	23	34
to benefits but not yet receiving them	3	11
Current employees	34	21
Total Membership	60	66

Police Pension Plan

The Township sponsors a Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) to provide retirement and disability benefits as well as the return of members' contributions in the event of death. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the plan's assets were managed by Glenmede Trust Company.

Benefits Provided

The following table provides information concerning the Township's Police Pension Plan:

Covered Employees:

All full-time uniformed employees.

Normal Retirement Date:

Age 55 and the completion of 25 years of service for all participants.

Disability Retirement Date:

The first day of the month following the date on which the member incurs a total and permanent service related disability. The Township Supervisors shall determine if a member is eligible to receive a disability benefit under the Plan after securing the opinion of one or more practicing physicians

licensed to practice medicine.

Drop Retirement Date:

The first day of the month following eligibility for a normal retirement date.

Vestina:

None for the first 12 years of service; thereafter, 100%.

Retirement Benefit:

The monthly pension shall be 50% of the average compensation of the participant's last 36 months of employment, plus a service increment of \$100 per month, if officer completes 25 years or more of benefit service. The monthly benefit attributable to the contractually limited service increment shall not exceed \$500 per month. The normal retirement benefit is payable monthly during the lifetime of the retired officer.

Death Benefit:

Pre-Retirement - Upon the death of a member, the beneficiary shall receive a lump sum death benefit equal to a refund of the member's contributions plus interest earned at the rate of five percent (5%) per annum.

Post-Retirement Survivors Benefit - The widow of a member who has attained eligibility for retirement, or a member who retired on pension, shall receive during the spouse's lifetime, seventy-five percent (75%) of the pension the member was receiving or would have been receiving had he been retired at the time of his death.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2017

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Death Benefit: (Continued)

If no such widow survives, or if the spouse survives and subsequently dies or remarries, then the children under the age of eighteen (18) [or are attending college and have not yet attained age twenty-three (23)], shall be entitled to the same benefit described above.

Disability Benefit Service

Related:

A disability pension shall be provided to an officer with a total and permanent service related disability equal to 50% of the officer's monthly salary at the time of disability, reduced by Social Security disability benefits provided for the same illness or injury.

Non-Uniform Pension Plan

The Township sponsors a Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) to provide retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the plan's assets were managed by Glenmede Trust Company.

The following table provides information concerning the Township's Non-Uniform Employees' Pension Plan:

Covered Employees:

All full-time non-uniformed employees. Participation is frozen effective

January 1, 2012.

Normal Retirement Date:

The later of the first day of the month following the attainment of age sixty-

five (65) or the fifth (5th) anniversary of his date of employment.

Early Retirement Date:

The first day of the month following the latter of the attainment of age fifty-

five (55) or the completion of five (5) years of service.

Special Early Retirement

Window:

Participants who meet the eligibility of Rule of 90 (minimum age 59) or 61 and 15 years of service during January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2018 are

eliaible.

Vestina:

None for the first five years of service; thereafter 100%.

Normal Retirement Benefit:

2.0% of the Average Monthly Compensation of a member multiplied by years of benefit service not exceeding thirty (30) years of service. The minimum monthly benefit shall not be less than \$200.00 provided the participant works until the Normal Retirement Date.

Early Retirement Benefit:

The accrued Normal Retirement Benefit actuarially reduced by five-tenths percent (.5%) for each month that a member's Early Retirement Date precedes the Normal Retirement Date.

Early Retirement Window:

The unreduced benefit of 2.5% of compensation times credited service to a maximum of 24 years (60% of compensation).

Disability Benefit:

Equal to 40% of the rates set forth in the 1964 OASDI (social security)

Experience for Males.

The Township is required by statute, principally Pennsylvania Act 205, to contribute the amounts necessary to find the plans. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Pennsylvania law and may be amended only as allowed by Pennsylvania law.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Pension plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which employee services are performed.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Market related value of assets is used to determine the indicated contribution.

Financial Reporting

A separate financial statement is not issued on the pension plans.

Contributions

Act 205 requires that annual contributions to the plans be based upon the plan's minimum municipal obligation (MMO). The MMO is based upon the plan's biennial actuarial valuation. The plan may also be eligible to receive an allocation of state aid from the General Municipal Pension System State Aid Program, which must be used for pension funding. Any funding requirements established by the MMO in excess of employee contributions and state aid must be paid by the municipality in accordance with Act 205.

Plan Expenses

Plan expenses are paid from plan assets.

Investments

A. Investment Policy

The police and non-uniform pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pension Board. The investment policy of the plan is to maximize the total rate of return over the long term, subject to preservation of capital, by diversifying the allocation of capital among various investments in domestic equity securities, international equity securities, domestic fixed instruments and other asset classes as may be deemed prudent.

The plan's investment policy establishes that the portfolio may be invested in the following asset classes with the following target asset allocation:

Asset Class	Target	<u>t </u>	Asset Class	Target	_
Domestic Equity		%	International Equity	15	_ %
Large Cap	41	%	Fixed Income	42	%
Mid Cap	-	%	Balanced/Blend	= 0	%
Small Cap	42	%	Cash	2	%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. <u>Investment Policy</u> (Continued)

Asset Class	Target	<u>t</u>	Asset Class	Target	
Domestic Equity			International Equity	16	- %
Large Cap	40	%	Fixed Income	39	%
Mid Cap	-	%	Balanced/Blend	_	%
Small Cap	\	%	Cash	4	%

B. Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 14.5 percent for the Police Pension Plan and 16.3 percent for the Non-Uniform Pension Plan. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

C. Concentrations

The investment policy of the Township contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The Township does not currently invest 5% of its assets in any one of its equities, corporate or international bond issuers.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liabilities of the Township at the measurement date of December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Non-Uniform	Police	Total	
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 9,759,214 8,046,989	\$ 14,909,553 11,108,034	\$ 24,668,767 19,155,023	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,712,225	\$ 3,801,519	\$ 5,513,744	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.5%	74.5%	77.6%	

Actuarial Assumptions

An actuarial valuation of the total pension liability is performed biannually. The total pension liability was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at January 1, 2017. Update procedures were used to roll forward to the plan's fiscal year ending December 31, 2017. This report was based upon the plan's actuarial assumptions, asset valuation method, and cost method described below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements <u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Police Pension Plan

- 1. Liabilities All plan benefits are valued using the entry age normal cost valuation method.
- 2. Economic Assumptions
 - a. Investment Return 8.0% per annum, net of investment expenses.
 - Salary Increases 5.0% compounded annually.
- 3. Demographic Assumptions
 - a. Mortality -

Healthy Lives - The Blue Collar RP-2000 Mortality Table.

Disabled Lives - Current liability mortality for males under Revenue Ruling 96-7.

- b. Termination T-1 table of the pension Actuary's Handbook.
- c. Disability 100% of the United Auto Workers Table.
- d. Retirement Age Normal retirement age, or age on valuation date if greater.
- e. Marital Status 80% of active members are assumed to be married. Female spouse is assumed to be 3 years younger than male spouse.
- f. Form of Annuity Joint & 75% survivor.

Non-Uniformed Pension Plan

- 1. Liabilities All plan benefits re valued using the entry age normal cost valuation method.
- 2. Economic Assumptions
 - a. Investment Return 8.0% per annum, net of investment expenses.
 - b. Salary Increases 5.0% compounded annually.
- 3. Demographic Assumptions
 - a. Mortality The RP-2000 Mortality Table.
 - b. Termination T-1 table of the pension Actuary's Handbook.
 - c. Disability None assumed.
 - d. Retirement Age Normal retirement age, or age on valuation date if greater.
 - e. Form of Annuity Single life annuity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Police and Non-Uniformed Pension Plan

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The pension plans' target asset allocation as of the measurement date December 31, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Actuarial Assumptions

	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equities (large cap)	6.58%
Domestic equities (mid cap)	7.39%
Domestic equities (small cap)	7.39%
International equities	7.34%
Fixed income	2.84%
Balanced/Blend	7.39%
Cash	0.50%

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Changes in the Police Defined Benefit Pension Plan net pension liability for the measurement date of December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances at 12/31/2016	\$ 14,001,572	\$ 9,679,633	\$ 4,321,939		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	328,605	<u> </u>	328,605		
Interest	1,128,769	-	1,128,769		
Differences betweeen expected and					
actual experience	(251,682)	-	(251,682)		
Changes of Assumptions	359,941	-	359,941		
Contributions - employer	-	176,857	(176,857)		
Contributions - state aid	-	449,649	(449,649)		
Contributions - member	-	61,862	(61,862)		
Net investment income		1,403,735	(1,403,735)		
Benefit payments	(657,652)	(657,652)	. .		
PMRS administrative expense		(6,050)	6,050		
Net changes	907,981	1,428,401	(520,420)		
Balances at 12/31/2017	\$ 14,909,553	\$ 11,108,034	\$ 3,801,519		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Changes in the Non-Uniformed Defined Benefit Plan net pension liability for the measurement date of December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	To	otal Pension Liability (a)		an Fiduciary let Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances at 12/31/2016	\$	9,551,229	\$	6,905,711	\$	2,645,518
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		151,006		:		151,006
Interest		738,351		-		738,351
Changes in benefit terms		220,140		-		220,140
Differences between expected and						•*
actual experience		(806,422)		-		(806,422)
Changes of assumptions		321,965		· ·		321,965
Contributions - employer		-		385,095		(385,095)
Contributions - member		-		53,292		(53,292)
Net investment income		_		1,126,696		(1,126,696)
Benefit payments		(417,055)		(417,055)		16
Administrative expense		-		(6,750)		6,750
Net changes		207,985		1,141,278		(933,293)
Balances at 12/31/2017	\$	9,759,214	\$	8,046,989	\$	1,712,225

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.00%. The pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Expense and the Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources related to the Police Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Non-Uniformed Defined Benefit Plan.

At the measurement date of December 31, 2017, the Township reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Police Deferred Dutflows Resources	(n-Uniformed Deferred Dutflows Resources	Total
Changes in Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	320,169	\$	229,180	\$ 549,349
investments		39,755		-	39,755
Total deferred outflows	\$	359,924	\$	229,180	\$ 589,104

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	Police Deferred Inflows Resources	ı	n-Uniformed Deferred Inflows Resources	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$ 223,872	\$	574,024	\$ 797,896
investments			63,514	63,514
Total deferred inflows	\$ 223,872	\$	637,538	\$ 861,410

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	 Police	No	n-Uniform	Total
2018	\$ 134,373	\$	(73,293)	\$ 61,080
2019	134,372		(73,292)	61,080
2020	(64,924)		(145,503)	(210,427)
2021	(116,218)		(116,270)	(232,488)
2022 and thereafter	48,449		-	48,449
	\$ 136,052	\$	(408,358)	\$ (272,306)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liabilities of the Township, calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, as well as what the Township's net pension liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 7.00%		Discount Rate 8.00%		1% Increase 9.00%	
Net Pension Liability - Police	\$ 5	,519,859	\$	3,801,519	\$	2,349,470
Net Pension Liability - Non-Uniform	\$ 2	,641,088	\$	1,712,225	\$	902,262

NOTE H - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Township provides a defined benefit group health plan for retirees. The retiree group health plan provides the first thirty months of benefits for eligible retirees and their dependents. Benefit coverage includes medical, dental, prescription, and life insurance. The Township offered a termination benefit to employees who retired on or before December 31, 2010. The entire medical, dental and prescription drug benefits that were provided to employees at the time will be provided for a period of ninety-six months, as compared to thirty months available for other retired members, at the Township's cost. Currently, five retirees are receiving benefits for a ninety-six-month period. Benefit provisions are established annually by the Supervisors.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE H - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH BENEFITS (Continued)

Plan Description

Current benefit provisions are as follows:

Single Member Member with Dependents \$ 6,400 per year \$14,600 per year

In order to be eligible for the Township's contribution, the retiree must have a minimum of twenty years of service for police and twenty-five years for public works.

Funding Policy

The Township's Board of Supervisors will not be funding the plan in the current year. The Supervisors will review the funding requirements and policy annually.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Township's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The Township has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement No.45 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess). The following table shows the components of the Township's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in its net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Annual required contributions	\$ 143,628
Interest on net OPEB obligation	10,123
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(16,869)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	136,882
Contributions	 101,100
Increase in net OPEB obligation	35,782
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	592,321
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 628,103

Membership of the plan consisted of the following on January 1, 2015 (the date of the latest actuarial valuation):

Active	Retired	Total
Members	Members	Members
53	7	60

The Township's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year ending 2017 and the preceding fiscal years were as follows:

Percentage

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual PEB Cost	of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	C	et OPEB bligation (Asset)	
2015	\$ 136,882	63%	\$	556,439	
2016	\$ 136,882	74%	\$	592,321	
2017	\$ 136,882	74%	\$	628,100	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE H - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH BENEFITS (Continued)

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2015, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was \$1,759,678, all of which is unfunded.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrences of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer as subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan is understood by the employer and plan members) and includes the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term prospective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees - Based on the historical average retirement age for the covered group, active plan members were assumed to retire at age sixty for police and sixty-five for public works, or at the first subsequent year in which the member would qualify for benefits.

Mortality - Life expectancies at the calculation date are based on the most recent mortality tables published by the National Center for Health Statistics website (www.cdc.gov). The calculation of OPEB liability for each year is based on the assumption that all participants will live until their expected age as displayed in the mortality tables.

Turnover - The probability that an employee will remain employed until the assumed retirement age was determined using non-group-specific age-based turnover data provided in Table 1 in Paragraph 35 of GASB Statement No.45. In addition, the expected future working life times of employees were determined using Table 2 in Paragraph 35c of GASB Statement No.45.

Healthcare cost trend – Healthcare cost rend rates were selected based on a combination of national and state trend surveys as well as professional judgment.

Health insurance premiums - 2012 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as a basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid. An employee is assumed to continue with the same medical plan upon retirement. If an employee waived medical coverage, then such waiver is assumed to continue into retirement.

Payroll increase - Changes in the payroll for current employees are expected to increase at a rate of approximately 2.0% annually.

Discount rate - The calculation uses an annual discount rate of 2%. This is based on the assumed long-term return on plan assets or employer assets.

Actuarial cost method - The entity age actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed thirty-year basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2017

NOTE H - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH BENEFITS (Continued)

Plan for Funding

On an ongoing basis, the Township will be reviewing its assumptions, comparing them against actual experience and recalculating the needed funding with the goal of paying for postemployment benefits out of interest earned on designated funds.

NOTE I - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Township offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Contributions are invested with an outside trustee, ICMA Retirement Corporation.

On August 21, 2000, the Board of Supervisors passed a resolution to comply with GASB Statements No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, reestablishing the ICMA Retirement Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust. The resolution directs that the assets of the plan shall be held in trust, with the Township serving as Trustee, for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries, and the assets shall not be diverted to any other purpose. The assets have been removed from the Township's financial statements.

NOTE J - DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN

The Township sponsors a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for members of the police department who have not retired prior to the implementation date (May 2005) of the DROP. Employees may enter into the DROP on the first day of any month following completion of twenty-five years of credited service and attaining the age of fifty-five. When electing to participate in the DROP, the employee must resign from employment no less than twelve months and no more than forty-eight months from the execution of the DROP option. An employee may elect in writing to terminate participation in the DROP any time up to six months before the previously selected resignation date. Once termination is elected, the employee is barred from any future participation in the program.

After the effective date of the DROP option, the employee shall no longer earn or accrue additional years of continuous service for pension purposes. Earnings or increases in earnings thereafter shall not be recognized or used for the calculation or determination of any benefits payable by the Police Pension Fund. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable had the employee elected to cease employment and receive a normal retirement benefit shall, upon the employee commencing participation in the DROP, be paid into the separate account established to receive that participant's monthly pension payments. Al I other contractual benefits shall continue to accrued, with the exception of those provisions relating to the Police Pension Plan.

Upon the termination date set forth in the employee's DROP option notice or such date as the Township separates the employee from employment, the retirement benefits payable to the employee or employee's beneficiary, if applicable, shall be paid to the employee or beneficiary and shall no longer be paid to the employee's DROP account. Within thirty days following termination of an employee's employment, the balance in the employee's DROP account shall be paid to the employee in a single lump-sum payment or, at the employee's option, in any fashion permitted by law.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE J - DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN (Continued)

The Township has entered into an administrative service agreement with The International City Management Association Retirement Corporation (RC). RC acts as investment adviser to the Vantage Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a common law trust governed by an elected Board of Trustees for the commingled investment of retirement funds held by state and local government units for their employees. The Township has adopted the Declaration of Trust of the Trust and agrees to the commingled investments of assets of the DROP within the Trust. Cost of management of the DROP shall be paid directly from the Police Pension Fund and not by the Township.

Any amendments to the DROP Ordinance shall be consistent with the provisions covering deferred retirement option plans set forth in the collective bargaining agreement and shall be binding upon all future DROP participants and existing participants.

No DROP payment shall be made unless and until the Pennsylvania Legislature authorizes the adoption of the DROP program for police officers employed by a Township of the Second Class or a final judicial determination issues from the Pennsylvania Appellate Court that such DROP benefits is lawful for police officers employed by a Township of the Second Class. In the event that either of these two situations occurs, the DROP will be modified only to the extent necessary to become compliant with the maximum then allowed by law for DROP programs. If neither of these occurs by the DROP date, the participant shall receive his full pension benefits as set forth in the Police Pension Ordinance as if no such DROP election were made.

NOTE K - TRANSACTIONS WITH DEVELOPERS

In connection with the development agreements for the construction of residential housing within the Township, the Township receives contributions from developers to finance various infrastructure and related costs and to fund legal, engineering and other costs of administering regulatory responsibilities concerning development of real estate.

The Township also receives developer deposits applicable to plan review and development billing activities. In such instances, the Township is required to hold such deposits in escrow and refund amounts not ultimately required to fund anticipated administrative costs. Potentially refundable deposits are accounted for in Agency Funds, which reflect a liability to various developers of \$636,648 as of December 31, 2017.

NOTE L - COMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Lease Agreement - The Municipal Sewer Authority of the Township of Lower Makefield

On December 1, 1991, the Township entered into a lease agreement with the Municipal Sewer Authority of the Township of Lower Makefield (Authority), which superseded the 1978 lease agreement. The Authority leases the sewer system to the Township for operation and use for one dollar (\$1) per annum. The lease expired on March 14, 2005 and was renewed on August 2, 2006 for a period of twenty-five years, expiring on December 31, 2031. The payments remain at \$1 per annum.

Treatment Capacity Agreement

The Authority has entered into agreements with certain adjoining municipal authorities in order to guarantee treatment capacity at the Municipal Authority of the Borough of Morrisville's sewage treatment plant and to guarantee the right to connect to and transport through the Yardley Borough Sewer Authority's system. Under terms of the agreement, the Authority has made capital contributions representing its pro rata share for joint use or expansion of the facilities. During the year ended December 31, 2017, capital contributions in the form of system improvements and expansion were \$1,684,794.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE L - COMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Equipment Leases

In February 2013, the Township entered into a new lease purchase agreement for maintenance equipment to be used at the Makefield Highlands Golf Club. The lease terms call for monthly rental payments of \$5,901. In 2016, the Township entered into a new lease agreement for golf carts to be used at the Makefield Highlands Golf Club. The lease terms call for monthly rental payments of \$6,888, beginning September 2016 through August 2020.

The leases are not being treated as capital leases because the Township has no intention of purchasing the golf carts or equipment at the end of the leases. Therefore, the total value of the equipment has not been included in the capital assets of the Golf Course Fund. Total rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2017 for the leases was \$152,342.

The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending December 31		
2018	\$	94,458
2019		82,656
2020		55,104
	\$	232,218

Management Agreement

In 2012 the Township extended its management agreement with Applied Golf to manage the day-to-day operations of the Makefield Highlands Golf Club. The extended agreement expires on December 31, 2018 and calls for monthly management fee payments of \$7,500 per month. During 2015, the agreement was extended until December 31, 2018 at the same monthly payment.

The future minimum management fee payments are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	
2018	\$ 90,000
	\$ 90,000

Sewer Billing Service Contact

Effective December 1, 2015, the Township agreed to a sewer billing service contract with Bucks County Water Sewer Authority (BCWSA) that will expire on November 30, 2021. The contract states the Township will reimburse BCWSA costs for data conversion, license cost, personnel and billing supplies. In addition, a management fee of 10% of cost is paid to BCWSA on a monthly basis.

Self-Insured Unemployment Compensation

The Township is self-insured for unemployment compensation coverage. During 2017, there were several claims totaling \$3,015 and as of December 31, 2017, there is a deficit of \$19,065

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE L - COMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Construction and Material Contracts

During the year, the Township enters into construction contracts for improvements to the facilities and infrastructure. These construction contracts may take over a year to complete but are usually completed in the second year. As of December 31, 2017, the Township had three construction contracts in progress and as of the date of this report, the Township has entered into three construction contracts.

In addition, the Township enters into purchase commitment contracts for materials as unit price contracts for a length of two to three years.

Litigation

The Township is party to legal proceedings. The Township is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the Township.

NOTE M - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Township participates in a public entity risk pool (Delaware Valley Insurance Trust (DVIT)) operated as a common risk management and insurance program for municipalities. The Trust retains the first \$250,000 of each general liability, police professional liability and automobile liability loss. DVIT assumes the first \$100,000 of each first party property loss public official liability claim. Reinsurance coverage is through commercial companies. The Trust also serves a group purchaser of boiler and machinery and crime and public official policies for its members.

The calculation of premium contributions, loss assessments and any redistribution or surplus is predicated on each participant's individual loss history. An experience modification factor is applied to annual membership contributions.

The Township continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risk of loss, including worker's compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from all risks have not exceeded commercial and DVIT insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE N - MUNICIPAL SEWER AUTHORITY

In accordance with agreements with the Municipal Sewer Authority of the Township of Lower Makefield, all repairs, renewals, replacements, improvements, additions and extensions and all real estate made or acquired by (or dedicated to) the Township in connection with the sewer system shall become the property of the Authority and part of the sewer system by the Township over a period of twelve years.

NOTE O - GRANT RECEIVABLE

During 2011, the Township entered into a \$2,000,000 grant agreement with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Redevelopment Assistance Capital Project (RACP) for the construction of an athletic complex. The Township was required to match funds of \$3,492,846 to receive the \$2,000,000 grant.

As of December 31, 2017, the Township expended the required \$3,492,846 and has recorded a grant receivable of \$911,525 in the Capital Projects Fund which is the unpaid portion of the \$2,000,000 grant.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

NOTE P - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Township entered into its General Obligation Notes, Series of 2002A, 2002B, and 2004, with the DVRFA. In order to provide funds for the notes, the DVRFA issued Local Government Revenue Bonds, Series of 1997, 1998, and 2002 (DVRFA Bonds). The DVRFA has entered into an interest rate swap agreement related to the DVRFA Bonds to provide variable rates on these loans, to reduce the costs of participants in the loan program and to enhance the ability of participants to manage their interest rate risks. If the Township defaults on all or a portion of the general obligation notes with DVRFA, it may owe costs, if any, associated with the liquidation or termination of the respective variable rate swaps used by the DVRFA to provide the variable rates to the Township.

The following is a summary of the Township's general obligation notes with DVRFA and the estimated fair market value of the swap agreements at December 31, 2017:

General Obligation Notes	10000		Market Value of Related Interest Rate Swap Agreements		
Series of 2002A Series of 2002B Series 2004	\$ 10,300,000 5,661,000 3,000,000	\$ 3,470,000 5,036,000 1,769,000	\$	531,107 770,794 270,757	
	\$ 18,961,000	\$ 10,275,000	\$	1,572,658	

With the execution of the variable rate swap agreement and in accordance with GASB 53, "Accounting and Reporting for Derivative Instruments", the Township accounts for the interest rate under both the consistent critical terms and quantitative methods standards of GASB 53. However, because the Township is not entitled to termination benefits per the swap agreements, the value of the swaps at December 31, 2017 are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position of the Township.

NOTE Q - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

2018 Real Estate Taxes

Effective for 2018, the Township has increased the real estate taxes by 1.5 mills for a total millage of 19.01 mills.

2018 Sewer Rates

Effective for 2018, the Township has increased the sewer rates by 14%.

General Obligation Bonds Series of 2018

In May 2018, the Township issued \$9,560,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2018 for the purpose of refunding the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2002 A and B, General Obligation Note Series of 2004 and paying the cost of issuing the bonds. Principal payments will be paid annually beginning on December 15, 2018 and maturing on December 15, 2033. Interest is paid semi-annually beginning on December 15, 2018. Interest accrues at 1.65% through December 15, 2018, and then maxing out at 5% over the 15 years. Debt service requirements in Note E – Long-Term Liabilities are reflective of the refunding of the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2002 A and B, General Obligation Note Series of 2004 and the issuance of the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Statement General Fund <u>Year Ended December 31, 2017</u>

Revenues Taxes \$ 7,705,000 \$ 8,218,305 \$ 513,305 Licenses, permits and fees 1,469,200 1,533,198 63,998 Fines, forfeits and costs 98,500 89,101 (9,399) Interest earnings and rental income 350,300 329,818 (20,482) Intergovernmental revenues 614,125 701,177 87,052 Charges for services 673,000 714,874 41,874 Contributions 1,500 500 (1,000) Miscellaneous 32,000 95,009 63,009 Total revenues 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures 1,831,300 2,042,510 (211,210) Public safety 5,616,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,996 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) (Budgeted Amount Final	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Licenses, permits and fees 1,469,200 1,533,198 63,998 Fines, forfeits and costs 98,500 89,101 (9,399) Interest earnings and rental income 350,300 329,818 (20,482) Intergovernmental revenues 614,125 701,177 87,052 Charges for services 673,000 714,874 41,874 Contributions 1,500 500 (1,000) Miscellaneous 32,000 95,009 63,009 Total revenues 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures 1,831,300 2,042,510 (211,210) Public safety 5,616,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,691,734 82,906 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) Other Financing Sources (Uses) <td< td=""><td>Revenues Taxes</td><td>¢ 7.705.000</td><td>Ф 0.040.205</td><td>Ф <u></u> 540.005</td></td<>	Revenues Taxes	¢ 7.705.000	Ф 0.040.205	Ф <u></u> 540.005
Fines, forfeits and costs 98,500 89,101 (9,399) Interest earnings and rental income 350,300 329,818 (20,482) Intergovernmental revenues 614,125 701,177 87,052 Charges for services 673,000 714,874 41,874 Contributions 1,500 500 (1,000) Miscellaneous 32,000 95,009 63,009 Total revenues 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures 2 1,831,300 2,042,510 (211,210) Public works 1,694,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financ				. ,
Interest earnings and rental income 350,300 329,818 (20,482) Intergovernmental revenues 614,125 701,177 87,052 701,177 701,17				
Intergovernmental revenues 614,125 701,177 87,052 Charges for services 673,000 714,874 41,874 Contributions 1,500 500 (1,000) Miscellaneous 32,000 95,009 63,009 Total revenues 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures 8 2 2,042,510 (211,210) Public safety 5,616,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 10,000 109,688 9,688 Transfers in 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Charges for services 673,000 714,874 41,874 Contributions 1,500 500 (1,000) Miscellaneous 32,000 95,009 63,009 Total revenues 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures 2 2,042,510 (211,210) Public safety 5,616,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers in 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56		•	,	
Miscellaneous 32,000 95,009 63,009 Total revenues 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures General government 1,831,300 2,042,510 (211,210) Public safety 5,616,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 9,688 Transfers in 100,000 109,688 9,688 Transfers out (125,000) 125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624		673,000	714,874	
Total revenues 10,943,625 11,681,982 738,357 Expenditures General government 1,831,300 2,042,510 (211,210) Public safety 5,616,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 9,688 9,688 Transfers in 100,000 109,688 9,688 9,688 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624		· ·	500	(1,000)
Expenditures General government 1,831,300 2,042,510 (211,210) Public safety 5,616,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 1,694,640 1,611,734 1,604,647 (20,447)	Miscellaneous	32,000	95,009	63,009
General government 1,831,300 2,042,510 (211,210) Public safety 5,616,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 89,688 9,688 9,688 Transfers in 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) - - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624	Total revenues	10,943,625	11,681,982	738,357
Public safety 5,616,684 5,698,879 (82,195) Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 9,688 9,688 17,916 100,000 109,688 9,688 10,682 10,682 10,682 10,682 10,682 10,682 10,682 10,688	Expenditures			
Public works 1,694,640 1,611,734 82,906 Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 9,688 9,688 Transfers in 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624		1,831,300	2,042,510	(211,210)
Insurance 396,000 416,447 (20,447) Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Refund prior year expenditure 100,000 109,688 9,688 Transfers in 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624	,	5,616,684	5,698,879	(82,195)
Employee benefits 2,023,000 2,058,495 (35,495) Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 100,000 109,688 9,688 Transfers in 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624				82,906
Total expenditures 11,561,624 11,828,065 (266,441) (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Refund prior year expenditure 100,000 109,688 9,688 Transfers in 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	* ' '
(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (617,999) (146,083) 471,916 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100,000 109,688 9,688 Transfers in Transfers out 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$ 528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624	Employee benefits	2,023,000	2,058,495	(35,495)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Refund prior year expenditure 100,000 109,688 9,688 Transfers in 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$ 528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624	Total expenditures	11,561,624	11,828,065	(266,441)
Refund prior year expenditure 100,000 109,688 9,688 Transfers in 412,728 459,570 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) - Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$ 528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624	(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(617,999)	(146,083)	471,916
Transfers in Transfers out 412,728	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in Transfers out 412,728 (459,570 (125,000)) 46,842 Transfers out (125,000) (125,000) Total other financing sources 387,728 (444,258 56,530) Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 (352,446) Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 (2,652,624)		100,000	109,688	9,688
Total other financing sources 387,728 444,258 56,530 Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$ 528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624		412,728	459,570	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balance (230,271) 298,175 \$ 528,446 Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624	Transfers out	(125,000)	(125,000)	=:
Fund Balance, Beginning 2,130,570 2,652,624	Total other financing sources	387,728	444,258	56,530
<u></u>	Net increase (decrease) in fund balance	(230,271)	298,175	\$ 528,446
Fund Balance, Ending \$ 1,900,299 \$ 2,950,799	Fund Balance, Beginning	2,130,570	2,652,624	
	Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,900,299	\$ 2,950,799	

Budgetary Comparison Statement Debt Service Fund <u>Year Ended December 31, 2017</u>

	Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Real estate taxes Interest earnings	\$ 1,212,500 2,000	\$ 1,222,835 35,241	\$ 10,335 33,241
Total revenues	1,214,500	1,258,076	43,576
Expenditures Debt service Principal Interest	1,375,500 369,619	1,425,408 372,487	(49,908) (2,868)
Total expenditures	1,745,119	1,797,895	(52,776)
(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(530,619)	(539,819)	(9,200)
Other Financing Sources (uses) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	303,471 (38,760)	303,471 (2,861,455)	- (2,822,695)
Total other financing sources	264,711	(2,557,984)	8,610,687
Net (decrease) increase in fund balance	(265,908)	(3,097,803)	\$ 8,601,487
Fund Balance, Beginning	390,388	8,956,277	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 124,480	\$ 5,858,474	

Budgetary Comparison Statement Capital Reserve Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Interest earnings Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 1,000 1,000,000	\$ - 1,185,519	\$ (1,000) 185,519
Miscellaneous income	20,000	41,549	21,549
Total revenues	1,021,000	1,227,068	206,068
Expenditures			
General government	862,000	636,490	225,510
Capital outlay	2,200,000	3,524,337	(1,324,337)
Total expenditures	3,062,000	4,160,827	(1,098,827)
(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,041,000)	(2,933,759)	(892,759)
Other Financing Sources (uses)			
Operating transfers in	3,000,000	1,839,634	(1,160,366)
Net increase in fund balance	959,000	(2,005,650)	\$ (2,053,125)
Fund balance (deficit), Beginning	(643,575)	259,663	
Fund balance (deficit), Ending	\$ 315,425	\$ (1,745,987)	

Budgetary Comparison Statement Special Project Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Interest earnings Intergovernmental revenues Contributions	\$ - 425,000 195,000	\$ 877 - 471,528	\$ 877 (425,000) 276,528
Total revenues	620,000	472,405	(147,595)
Expenditures Capital outlay	3,545,000	1,819,639	1,725,361
Total expenditures	3,545,000	1,819,639	1,725,361
(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,925,000)	(1,347,234)	1,577,766
Other Financing Sources (uses) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	3,220,000 (30,009)	975,012 (30,009)	(2,244,988)
Total other financing (uses)	3,189,991	945,003	(2,244,988)
Net increase in fund balance	264,991	(402,231)	\$ (667,222)
Fund balance, (deficit), beginning	541,876	(28,578)	
Fund balance, (deficit), ending	\$ 806,867	\$ (430,809)	

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Statements
Year Ended December 31, 2017

1. Budgetary Information

The Township's process for establishing its annual operating budget involves submission of the budget by the Township Manager to the Board of Supervisors for its approval and adoption. The Township Manager, Finance Director and Budget Review Committee are responsible for the preparation of the annual budget.

The budgetary process consists of the evaluation and review of appropriation requests of the operating directors and various Township departments. Revenue estimates are made throughout the process to determine the amount of Township property taxes and other revenue required to balance the budget.

The Board of Supervisors is required to introduce the budget for the following year by twenty days prior to the end of the fiscal year, after which it is advertised and reviewed at public hearings held by the Board of Supervisors of the Township. After the close of the public hearings, the Board of Supervisors approves and adopts the budget on or before December 31, the close of the Township's fiscal year.

The Township Supervisors may authorize supplemental appropriations for any lawful purpose via resolution. In addition, the Supervisors are permitted to transfer funds from one Township account to another; however, such transfers are not permitted during the first three months of the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent by have not been expended. It is the Township's policy to maintain budgetary control at the fund level.

The Township prepares budgets for Governmental Funds on a basis of accounting, which is consistent with United States general accepted accounting principles.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2017, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following fund object levels (the legal level of the budgetary control):

General Fund							
General government	\$	211,210					
Public safety	\$	82,195					
Insurance	\$	20,447					
Employee benefits	\$	35,495					
Debt Service Principal \$ 49,							
Interest \$ 2,	868						
Capital Reserve Fund							
Capital outlay	\$ ^	,324,337					

These over expenditures were funded by available fund balance and transfers in the respected funds.

Trend Data on Infrastructure Condition Year Ended December 31, 2017

The Township has elected to use the modified approach to account for maintenance of its streets system. The Township annually inspects its streets, and the Township engineers use the Micro PAVER program, developed by the United States Army Corps of Engineers, as part of a pavement management system to describe the condition of all roadways in the Township. The streets are rated on their life expectancy before milling and overlay work is needed. The rating is the probable number of years remaining before resurfacing work is needed. The Township's streets as a whole are given an overall rating, indicating the average condition of all streets operated by the Township. The assessment of condition is made by visual and mechanical tests designed to reveal any condition that would reduce highway user benefits below the maximum level service. The Township's policy is to maintain the street condition at a level of sixty-five or better. The results of the last inspection were:

	Evaluation
Period	Rating
2017	103.41

The budgeted expenditures and amounts actually expensed for maintenance and preservation for the past year are as follows:

Period	Budget		 Actual
2017	\$	875,000	\$ 637,832

The next inspection of Township roadways is scheduled to be completed in 2020.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Police Defined Benefit Pension Plan
December 31, 2017
(Unaudited)

Total Pension Liability	Measurement Year Ending 2017			Measurement Year Ending 2016		Measurement Year Ending 2015	
Service cost (beginning of year) Interest (includes interest on service cost) Changes of benefit terms	\$	328,605 1,128,769	\$	324,509 1,066,588	\$	309,056 1,020,453	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(251,682) 359,941 (657,652)		- (794,727)		- - (741,830)	
Net change in total pension liability	\$	907,981	\$	596,370	\$	587,679	
Total pension liability - beginning		14,001,572		13,405,202		12,817,523	
Total pension liability - ending	\$	14,909,553	\$	14,001,572	\$	13,405,202	
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - state aide Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense	\$	176,857 449,649 61,862 1,403,735 (657,652) (6,050)	\$	209,735 406,842 46,945 473,031 (794,727) (1,000)	\$	281,180 388,163 29,940 (241,454) (741,830) (6,707)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	1,428,401	\$	340,376	\$	(290,708)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		9,679,633		9,339,257		9,629,965	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	11,108,034	\$	9,679,633	\$	9,339,257	
Net pension liability - ending	\$	3,801,519	\$	4,321,939	\$	4,065,945	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		74.5 %	5	69.1 %	6	69.7 %	
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,276,201	\$	3,164,517	\$	3,083,827	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		116.0 %	i	136.6 %		131.8 %	

Change in benefit terms: None

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions
Police Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

(Unaudited)

		easurement Ending 2017		easurement r Ending 2016		easurement Ending 2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	626,506 626,506	\$	616,577 616,577	\$	669,343 669,343
Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered employee payroll	\$	3,276,201	\$	3.164.517	\$	3.083.327
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	*	19.1 %	ς Ψ	19.5 %	΄ ΄	21.7 %

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 for the odd valuation year at least two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions were reported. Therefore, the actuarially determined contribution for calendar year 2017 is based upon the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation and calender year 2015 and 2016 are based upon the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method
Inflation
Salary increases
Investment rate of return
Retirement Age
Mortality

January 1, 2017
Entry Age Normal
Level Dollar Closed
16.44 years
Market Value of Assets
0%
5.0%
8.0%
Normal Retirement Age
RP2000 Table

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Non-Uniform Defined Benefit Pension Plan

December 31, 2017

(Unaudited)

Total Pension Liability	easurement r Ending 2017	easurement r Ending 2016	 easurement r Ending 2015
Service cost (beginning of year) Interest (includes interest on service cost) Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 151,006 738,351 220,140 (806,422) 321,965 (417,055)	\$ 189,059 721,329 - - - - (373,431)	\$ 180,056 677,694 - - - (269,183)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 207,985	\$ 536,957	\$ 588,567
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	\$ 9,551,229 9,759,214	\$ 9,014,272 9,551,229	\$ 8,425,705 9,014,272
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense	\$ 385,095 53,292 1,126,696 (417,055) (6,750)	\$ 404,119 41,322 333,001 (373,431) (1,850)	\$ 368,300 46,553 (207,138) (269,183) (7,894)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 1,141,278	\$ 403,161	\$ (69,362)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending Net pension liability - ending	\$ 6,905,711 8,046,989 1,712,225	\$ 6,502,550 6,905,711 2,645,518	\$ 6,571,912 6,502,550 2,511,722
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.5 %	72.3 %	72.1 %
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,757,346	\$ 1,984,189	\$ 1,965,213
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	97.4 %	133.3 %	127.8 %

Change in benefit terms: None

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Contributions
Non-Uniform Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<u>December 31, 2017</u>

(Unaudited)

	easurement Ending 2017		easurement r Ending 2016		Measurement ear Ending 2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 385,095 385,095	\$	404,119 404,119	\$	368,300 368,300
Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$ 1,757,346 21.9	\$ \$	- 1,984,198 20.4	\$ \$ %	1,965,213 18.7 %

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 for the odd valuation year at least two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions were reported. Therefore, the actuarially determined contribution for calendar year 2017 is based upon the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation and calender year 2015 and 2016 are based upon the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial valuation date Asset valuation method Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement Age Mortality Termination Disability Form of Annuity January 1, 2017
Market Value of Assets
5%
8.0%
Normal Retirement Age
RP2000 Table
T-1 table Actuary Hanbook
None assumed
Single life annuity

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Investment Returns
Police and Non-Uniform Defined Benefit Pension Plan

December 31, 2017

(Unaudited)

	Year	Police	Non-Uniform
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	2015 2016	(2.52) % 5.12 %	(3.12) % 5.11 %
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	2017	16.3 %	14.48 %

Post-Retirement Health Benefits Funding Progress

<u>Year Ended December 31</u>, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Historical trend information about the health benefits is presented herewith as required supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the health benefits funding status on a going concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay health benefits when due and make comparisons with other state and local government benefit systems.

The actuarial information is required every three years.

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of	Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL	Funded	
Date	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	
January 1,	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	
2015	-	\$ 1,759,678	\$ 1,759,678	- %	6

Source: The Post-Retirement Health Benefits Actuarial Valuation Report.

The actuarial accrued liability measure was determined as part of the calculation to determine the actuarially determined contribution requirement that was made at January 1, 2015. The entry age actuarial cost method was used to calculate the actuarial accrued liability. Significant actuarial assumptions include:

- A rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 2.00% per year.
- Projected salary increases of 2.00% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation.

Analysis of the dollar amount of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial accrued liability and unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (Column 4) provides one indication of the health benefit's funding status on a going concern basis. Analysis of this percentage, over time, indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the health benefits' funding status is.

Trends in unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll (Column 6) approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the health benefits' progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, where there is an unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the funded status is. However, when assets are in excess of the actuarial accrued liability, the higher the bracketed percentage, the stronger the funding status is.

Schedules of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities:

				Percentage of Annual	
	OPEB	Co	Total	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
\$	136,882	\$	86,600	63%	Obligation \$ 556,439
\$ \$	136,882 136,882	\$ \$	101,000 101,100	74% 74%	\$ 592,321 \$ 628,103
	\$	Cost \$ 136,882 \$ 136,882	OPEB Cost Co \$ 136,882 \$ \$ 136,882 \$	OPEB Cost Total Contributed \$ 136,882 \$ 86,600 \$ 136,882 \$ 101,000	Annual OPEB Cost Total Cost Contributed Contributed \$ 136,882 \$ 86,600 63% \$ 136,882 \$ 101,000 74%

See notes to OPEB Plans

Notes to OPEB Plans December 31, 2017

Information for the Other Post-Employment Benefits is as follows:

	OPEB
Date of actuarial valuation	1/1/2015
Projected salary increases	2.0%
Inflation rate	2.75%
Cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level % Open
Amortization period	30 years

Healthcare cost trend rates were selected based on a combination of national and state trend surveys as well as professional judgment.



Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

Total Other Governmental	506,503 33,307	877.058	114,117 35,739 28,421	9,763	11 308	677 710	677.710	877,058
80%	€	69	₩ 69					69
Patterson Park	\$ 54,446	\$ 54,446	\$ 405	8.768	-0	45 678	45,678	\$ 54,446
Ambulance Rescue Fund	\$ 11,978	\$ 13,582	. 116		1,056	12.526	12,526	\$ 13,582
Liquid Fuels	4	\$ 63,014	\$ 45,671	45,671		17,343	17,343	\$ 63,014
Tree	51	\$ 119,551			,	119,551	119,551	\$ 119,551
Regency Bridge Fund	\$ 352,317	\$ 352,317	69		'	352,317	352,317	\$ 352,317
Traffic Impact Fund	\$ 44,505 - 189,418	\$ 233,923	, , , , , ⇔	1	,	233,923	233,923	\$ 233,923
Library Fund	£ ,	\$ 11	1 <u>8</u> 1 1	,		=	1	es
Park and Recreation FIL Fund	\$ 44,898 11,964	\$ 56,862				56,862	56,862	\$ 56,862
Park and Recreation Fund	\$ (221,666) 11,531 147,830	\$ (62,305)	\$ 35,043 35,534 1,400	71,977	5,219	(139,501)	(139,501)	(62,305)
Hydrant Fund	\$ (39,516) \$	\$ (37,488)	\$ 24,898	24,898	1,367	(63,753)	(63,753)	\$ (37,488) \$
Fire Protection Fund	\$ 59,073	\$ 64,715	\$ 1,200	1,405	3,666	59,644	59,644	\$ 64,715
9-11 Memorial Fund	\$ 1,021	\$ 1,021	\$ 1,509	29,930		(28,909)	(28,909)	\$ 1,021
Street Light Fund	\$ 16,871	\$ 17,409	\$ 5,391	5,391		12,018	12,018	\$ 17,409
	Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Interfund receivables	Total Assets	Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Interfund payables Security deposits	Total Liabilities	Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred taxes and rental receipts	Fund Balances Restricted: Special revenue funds	Total Fund Balances (deficit)	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (deficit)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Street Light Fund	9-11 Memorial Fund	Fire Protection Fund	Hydrant Fund	Park and Recreation Fund	Park and Recreation FIL Fund	Library Fund	Traffic Impact Fund	Regency Bridge Fund	Tree	Liquid Fuels	Ambulance Rescue	Patterson Park	Total Other Governmental
Revenues	•												Land	runds
Keal estate taxes Interest earnings	· *	· ·	\$ 469,980	\$ 163,050	\$ 1,081,613	69	69	r 69	69	ii 69	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 130,599	69	\$ 1.845,242
Rental income	F	1	400	ı	10000	111	-	311	692	389	2,558	117	113	4,798
Intergovermental revenues		,	204 226	k) (209'00			•				ę	64,564	121,169
Charges for services	67 138		25,330	•	140 700		•	•			1,038,440	1	i	1,332,776
Contributions	20,130	975	004,62	• 99	118,708	20.054				1	£	ř	9	211,296
Miscellaneous income	'	5 ,	,	1	44,945	50,95	Ŗ ı	, ,	54.450	12 500	(90) - e	6	ř	31,929
Total Revenues	67,179	626	790,226	163,050	1,301,872	31,065	-	311	55 142	12 889	1 040 008	130 716	64 677	080'111
Expenditures										2001	200,010,1	20,20	10,40	2,039,103
General government	1	1	ä	3		,	1							
Public safety	•	,	689 696	,	0.9		,				9		120	
Public works	45,271	. 3)	157 635				144.040	•	•	4 400 004 4	250,500	ä	940,196
Parks and recreation	e	33,119	ŧ	1	900.264	21.404	. 1	010'++1	• 1	i	1,162,984	()	53,813	1,563,713
Community Development	(0		,	•			٠		, ,		,	i		954,787
Capital outlays	•	1	,		35,222	17,500	•	,		93.335			1	146.057
Total Expenditures	45,271	33,119	969'689	157,635	935.486	38.904	,	144 010		03 225	4 460 004	001.030	0,000	CO'Ot
Excess of Revenues Over								20.		95,555	1,102,364	006,062	53,813	3,604,753
(Under) Expenditures	21,908	(32,140)	100,530	5,415	366,386	(7,839)	-	(143,699)	55.142	(80 446)	(121 986)	(119 784)	10 064	020 72
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											(200)	(113,104)	100,0	24,332
Refund of prior year expenditure	(0)	Ĺ	562	£	4.822	i	3	10	9					
Sale of capital assets	3	3	1	:(0)	. '	,	ı		Š. 1	6 0			×	5,384
Operating transfers in	*		X	ı	125,000	9,500	1	,	: 1	. ,		125,000	r.	
Operating transfers out	(1,245)	1)	(128,661)	(5,014)	(267,671)	'	1	1				(4.323)	r)	259,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,245)	٠	(128,099)	(5,014)	(137,849)	005'6						120 677		(400,914)
Net Increase (Decrease) In												120,021		(142,030)
Fund Balances	20,663	(32,140)	(27,569)	401	228,537	1,661	-	(143,699)	55,142	(80,446)	(121,986)	893	10.864	(87,678)
Fund Balances, Beginning (defecit)	(8,645)	3,231	87,213	(64,154)	(368,038)	55,201	10	377,622	297.175	199,997	139 329	11 633	34 814	765 389
Fund Balances, Ending (defecit)	\$ 12,018	\$ (28,909)	\$ 59,644	\$ (63,753)	\$ (139,501)	\$ 56,862	\$ 11	\$ 233,923	\$ 352.317	\$ 119.551	\$ 17.343	\$ 12.526	C 45.679	677 740
						11				1				